United States

2000 Demographic Information

2000 Population Information

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population	281,421,906	Population Under 100% of Poverty	
Percent White	75.1%	Percent of the Population	12.4%
Percent American Indian	0.9%	Population Under 200% of Poverty	81,194,609
Percent Age 65 or Over	12.4%	Percent of the Population	29.6%
Percent Age 4 or Under	6.8%	•	

2004 Health Status Indicators¹

Natality Mortality⁶

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	8.1%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester ²	83.9%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ³	10.2%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ³	
Fertility Rate ⁴	66.3
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁵	53.5

ALL CAUSES	801.1
Heart Disease	217.5
Acute Myocardial Infarction	52.5
Heart Failure	19.1
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	21.0
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	184.6
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	52.9
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	17.9
Female Breast	25.3
Prostate	26.5
Pancreas	10.5
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	7.0
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	50.0
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	41.8
Accidents	36.6
Motor Vehicle Accidents	14.8
Influenza & Pneumonia	20.4
Diabetes Mellitus	24.4
Alzheimer's Disease	21.7
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	10.7
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	14.3
Infant Mortality	

Notes:

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Hyattsville, Maryland.

¹ Only one year of U.S. data are given to compare with five years of state and county data because the numbers on the national level are much greater and do not fluctuate as much annually.

² The U.S. percent of mothers receiving care in 1st trimester is based on 41 states. Due to lack of comparable data from the remaining states.

³ Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported. The U.S. percent of mothers who consumed alcohol is from 2003. The U.S. percent of mothers who used tobacco in 2004 is based on 41 states. Due to lack of comparable data from the remaining states.

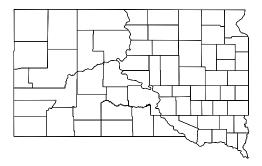
⁴ The fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁵ Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17. The U.S. teenage pregnancy rate is from 2000.

⁶ The mortality rates, except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Age-adjusting to the standard million population eliminates differences between populations, making them easier to compare. Infant mortality is calculated as the number of infant (less than one year old) deaths per 1,000 live births. The U.S. mortality age-adjusted rates are 2004 provisional data except for female breast and prostate which are from 2003.

South Dakota

Demographic Information



2000 Population Information

Population	754,844
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	9.0%
Percent Age 65 or Over	14.3%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	95,900
Percent of the Population	13.2%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	240,886
Percent of the Population	33.1%

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality *Percent of Mothers Receiving Care in 1st Trimester 78.3% *Percent of Mothers Who oPercent of Mothers Who • Teenage Pregnancy Rate⁴ 19.8

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	793.2
Heart Disease	209.8
OAcute Myocardial Infarction	74.7
Heart Failure	17.1
 Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease 	12.4
oMalignant Neoplasms (cancer)	191.3
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	51.6
oColon, Rectum, & Anus	19.8
Female Breast	24.0
oProstate	30.9
Pancreas	11.4
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	7.7
OLeukemia	
oCerebrovascular Disease	
oChronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	44.9
o Accidents	47.8
OMotor Vehicle Accidents	25.0
○Influenza & Pneumonia	22.7
Diabetes Mellitus	25.0
Alzheimer's Disease	21.6
oIntentional Self-Harm (suicide)	
•Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the national average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the national average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1.000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Duimour Cons

Primary Care	
Number of Dentists ⁶	312
Federally Qualified Health Center ⁸	37
Rural Health Clinic ⁹	58
Community Health Services Offices	64
Public Health Alliance ¹⁰	11
Children's Special Health Services ¹¹	4
Family Planning Service Sites	19
Disease Intervention Offices ¹²	6
WIC ¹³ Only Sites	17
WIC ¹³ Only Sites Bright Start Home Visitation Program ¹⁴	2
Hospitals	
Hospitals	11
Critical Access Hospitals ¹⁵	11 20
Specialized Hospitals 16	ەد 12
Veterans Administration Hospitals	
Indian Health Service Hospitals	
mulan nearm service nospitals	
Long-Term Care	
Nursing Facilities	112
Assisted Living Centers	
Residential Living Centers	
Home Health Agencies	
Medicare Certified Hospices	
Licensed Inpatient Hospices	
1 1	

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

^{*}Due to lack of comparable data from all 50 states significant differences can't be calculated.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹⁰A partnership of the local county government, local health care providers, and the South Dakota Department of Health which delivers community

¹¹CSHS provides diagnostic, consultative, and care coordination services for children with special health care needs.

¹²DIS coordinate infectious disease prevention and control programs.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

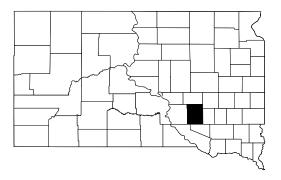
¹⁴Bright Start nurses provide home visits to expectant and new moms to help them improve their own and their babies' health and to be good parents.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

¹⁶Specialized hospitals do not provide all the services required to qualify as a general hospital, such as, surgical, obstetrical, and emergency services.

Aurora County

Demographic Information



Aurora County is located in the south central portion of the state and averages 4.3 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	3,058
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	2.1%
Percent Age 65 or Over	21.6%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	327
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	
Percent of the Population	

 $[\]overline{\mbox{\sc All rates based}}$ on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	7.1%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	84.2%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	12.9%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
•Fertility Rate ³	
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	LNE

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES

ALL CAUSES	/ 13.0
Heart Disease	
Acute Myocardial Infarction	82.2
Heart Failure	19.1
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	17.9
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	168.0
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	38.7
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	36.4
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	41.7
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	51.0
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	33.0
Accidents	42.2
Motor Vehicle Accidents	22.3
Influenza & Pneumonia	43.4
Diabetes Mellitus	17.1
Alzheimer's Disease	
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	LNE

 \bullet Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

 $\circ Denotes$ a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Aurora County Clinic, Plankinton

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

Aurora County Courthouse, Plankinton

Hospitals

None

715.0

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Aurora-Brule Nursing Home, White Lake......... 52 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Stickney Manor, Stickney 8 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

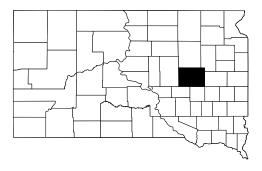
⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

Beadle County

Demographic Information



Beadle County is located in the center of eastern South Dakota and averages 13.5 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	17,023
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	1.3%
Percent Age 65 or Over	19.4%
Percent Age 4 or Under	5.7%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	1,977
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	
Percent of the Population	

 $^{{}^{\}bar{1}}$ All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	7.5%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	75.8%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	22.3%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
•Fertility Rate ³	59.9
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	16.1
_	

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	764.4
Heart Disease	206.6
Acute Myocardial Infarction	73.1
Heart Failure	11.7
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	169.9
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	46.4
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	29.7
Female Breast	18.1
Prostate	21.1
Pancreas	8.0
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	7.5
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	56.0
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	42.6
Accidents	33.2
Motor Vehicle Accidents	12.9
Influenza & Pneumonia	30.4
Diabetes Mellitus	30.9
Alzheimer's Disease	9.9
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	21.9
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	12.2
Infant Mortality	4.3

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

495 3rd SW, Huron

Family Planning Service Site:

Women's Health & Education Center, Huron

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Huron Nursing Home	Huron		152 beds
Violet Tschetter Mem	orial Home.	Huron	58 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Residential Living Centers:

Home Health Agencies:

Huron Regional Medical Center Home Health Agency,

Medicare Certified Medicare Certified Hospices:

Huron Regional Medical Center Hospice, Huron

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

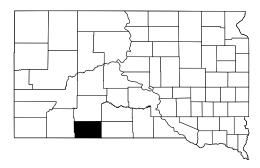
⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.



Bennett County is located on the southern border in western South Dakota and averages 3.0 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	3,574
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	58.1%
Percent Age 65 or Over	11.1%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	
Percent of the Population	39.2%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	2,144
Percent of the Population	61.5%

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

2001-2005

Natality	
Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	5.6%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	51.8%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	12.6%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	3.0%
oFertility Rate ³	93.1
oTeenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	44.4
Mortality ⁵	
ALL CAUSES	941.7
Heart Disease	186.8
Acute Myocardial Infarction	32.5
Heart Failure	29.8
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	195.4
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	71.6
Accidents	
Motor Vehicle Accidents	48.1
Influenza & Pneumonia	46.7
Diabetes Mellitus	66.5
Alzheimer's Disease	LNE
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	39.0
Infant Mortality	LNE

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Bennett County Community Health Center, Martin

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Main Street Medical Clinic, Martin

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family

Planning: Bennett County Courthouse, Martin

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Bennett County Hospital and Nursing Home,

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Bennett County Hospital and NH, Martin 42 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Bennett County Hospital and NH, Martin 2 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Bennett County Home Health, Martin

Medicare Certified Hospices:

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

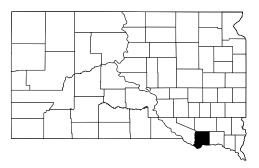
⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients. ¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.

Bon Homme County

Demographic Information



Bon Homme County is located on the Nebraska border in eastern South Dakota and averages 12.9 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	7,260
Percent White	95.5%
Percent American Indian	3.3%
Percent Age 65 or Over	20.8%
Percent Age 4 or Under	4.9%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	802
Percent of the Population	12.9%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	2,274
Percent of the Population	36.5%

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	5.1%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	86.7%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	17.7%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
•Fertility Rate ³	
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	
3.6 (3) (5	

Mortality³

1,101 ettiley	
•ALL CAUSES	647.2
Heart Disease	193.3
Acute Myocardial Infarction	53.0
Heart Failure	18.5
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	21.2
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	175.4
•Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	19.8
Female Breast	31.9
Prostate	43.2
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	16.8
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	44.1
•Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	23.2
Accidents	
Motor Vehicle Accidents	23.2
Influenza & Pneumonia	20.4
Diabetes Mellitus	41.6
• Alzheimer's Disease	10.2
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	
ř	

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Number of Dentists ⁶	2
Number of Dentists	 ,

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Bon Homme Family Practice Clinic, Avon Bon Homme Family Practice Clinic, Tyndall

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family

Planning: 103 West 18th Ave, Tyndall

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospitals 15:

Landmann-Jungman Memorial Hosp	oital,
Scotland	25 beds/10 swing ¹⁷
St. Michael's Hospital, Tyndall	25 beds/15 swing ¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Scotland Good Samaritan Center, Scotland	45	beds
Tyndall Good Samaritan Center, Tyndall	71	beds
St. Michael's Nursing Home, Tyndall	9	beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Scotland Good Samaritan ALC, Scotland	8 beds
Springfield ALC, Springfield	36 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Scotland Area Home Care Agency, Scotland St. Michael's Home Health, Tyndall

Medicare Certified Hospices:

Scotland Area Hospice, Scotland

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

home care.

All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

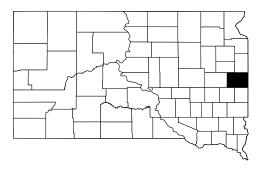
³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients. ¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing



Brookings County is located on the eastern border of the state and averages 35.5 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	28,220
Percent White	96.4%
Percent American Indian	1.2%
Percent Age 65 or Over	10.9%
Percent Age 4 or Under	5.7%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty) Z
Percent of the Population	%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	50
Percent of the Population	%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	. 5.3%	
oPercent of Mothers Receiving		
Care in 1st Trimester	86.7%	
 Percent of Mothers Who 		
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	11.8%	
Percent of Mothers Who		
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	. 1.1%	
•Fertility Rate ³		
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴		
Mortality ⁵		
•ALL CAUSES	.663.9	

Heart Disease	34.3
Healt Disease16	
Acute Myocardial Infarction	56.0
Heart Failure1	16.6
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease1	19.4
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)17	77.1
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung4	19.6
Colon, Rectum, & Anus2	22.4
Female Breast1	18.0
Prostate2	28.7
Pancreas1	10.2
Non-Hodgkin's LymphomaLl	NE
Leukemia	.7.1
Cerebrovascular Disease5	57.8
• Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	27.7
Accidents	36.2
Motor Vehicle Accidents1	14.9
Influenza & Pneumonia	29.3
Diabetes Mellitus1	17.9
Alzheimer's Disease1	15.9
•Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	.7.1
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	.3.8
Infant Mortality	

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

 $\circ Denotes$ a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic9:

Avera Volga Community Clinic, Volga White Family Practice Clinic, White

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

1310 Main Ave. South STE 105, Brookings

Family Planning Service Site:

Obstetrics & Gynecology, Brookings

Hospitals

Brookings Hospital, Brookings......... 49 beds/20 swing¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Brookview Manor, Brookings	79 beds
United Retirement Center, Brookings	79 beds
White Healthcare Center, White	34 beds
Assisted Living Centers:	
Cozy Korner Assisted Living, Elkton	10 beds
Greenleaf Assisted Living, Brookings	31 beds
Park Place Assisted Living, Brookings	36 beds
Stoneybrook Suites, Brookings	28 beds
Dakota Sun Assisted Living, Volga	16 beds
White Pines ALC, White	10 beds
Residential Living Centers:	
Park Place Apartments, Brookings	20 beds
Elkton Residential Living Center, Elkton	1 bed

Home Health Agencies:

Brookings Hospital Home Health Agency, Brookings

Medicare Certified Hospices:

Brookings Hospital Hospice, Brookings

Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

 $^{{}^{\}overline{1}}$ All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

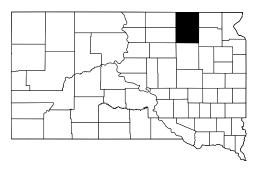
³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.



Brown County is located on the North Dakota border in the eastern part of the state and averages 20.7 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	35,460
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	3.3%
Percent Age 65 or Over	16.2%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	3,373
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	10,334
Percent of the Population	30.4%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

2001-2005

Natality	
Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	5.9%
oPercent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	83.5%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	17.9%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
•Fertility Rate ³	58.3
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	10.0
Mortality ⁵	
• ALL CAUSES	742.5

•ALL CAUSES	
oHeart Disease	
oAcute Myocardial Infarction	
Heart Failure14.6	
• Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	
•Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	
Female Breast	
Prostate	
Pancreas 9.2	
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma9.1	
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	
• Accidents	
Motor Vehicle Accidents	
Influenza & Pneumonia	
• Diabetes Mellitus 17.2	
Alzheimer's Disease	
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)9.7	
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	
•	

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

 $\circ Denotes$ a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Number of Dentists ⁶	······	15	

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

South Dakota Urban Indian Health, Aberdeen

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family Planning: Brown Co Comm Health Center, Aberdeen

Children's Special Health Services¹¹:

201 South Lloyd St, Aberdeen

Disease Intervention Office¹²:

402 S Main St, Aberdeen

Family Planning Service Sites:

Brown County Community Health Center, Aberdeen Urban Indian Health. Aberdeen

Hospitals

Avera St. Luke's, Aberdeen............ 137 beds/10 swing¹³

Specialized Hospital¹⁶:

Dakota Plains Surgical Center, Aberdeen............ 8 beds

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

There are 5 nursing facilities in Brown County. For more information refer to Appendix B, page 237.

Assisted Living Centers:

There are 6 assisted living centers in Brown County. For more information refer to Appendix B, page 237.

Residential Living Centers:

There are 5 residential living centers in Brown County. For more information refer to Appendix B, page 237.

Home Health Agencies:

Avera St. Luke's Home Health, Aberdeen

Medicare Certified Hospices:

North Plains Hospice of Avera St. Luke's, Aberdeen

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

¹¹CSHS provides diagnostic, consultative, and care coordination services for children with special health care needs.

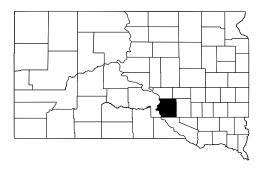
¹²DIS coordinate infectious disease prevention and control programs.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁶Specialized hospitals do not provide all the services required to qualify as general hospital, such as surgical, obstetrical, and emergency services.
¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing

Brule County

Demographic Information



Brule County is located in the south central part of the state and averages 6.5 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	5,364
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	9.1%
Percent Age 65 or Over	16.9%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	741
Percent of the Population	14.3%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,957
Percent of the Population	37.8%

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality
Percent Low Birth Weight Infants
Percent of Mothers Receiving
Care in 1st Trimester
 Percent of Mothers Who
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ² 13.9%
Percent of Mothers Who
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ² LNE
Fertility Rate ³ 62.6
• Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴
Mortality ⁵
ALL CAUSES
Heart Disease
oAcute Myocardial Infarction
Heart Failure 21.4
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung47.3
Colon, Rectum, & Anus
Female Breast 54.2
Prostate
Pancreas
Non-Hodgkin's LymphomaLNE
Leukemia
Cerebrovascular Disease 53.3
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases
Accidents
Motor Vehicle Accidents
Influenza & Pneumonia
Diabetes Mellitus
Alzheimer's Disease
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis
Infant MortalityLNE

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

 $\circ Denotes$ a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Community Health Service/PHA¹⁸, WIC¹³ & Family Planning:

Mid-Dakota Public Health Office, Chamberlain

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Mid-Dakota Hospital,

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Mid-Dakota Long Term Care, Chamberlain.......45 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Regency Retirement Assisted Living,	
Chamberlain	.36 beds
Riverview Retirement Home, Chamberlain	. 10 beds
Prairie View ALC, Kimball	. 16 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Visiting Nurses Association, Chamberlain

Medicare Certified Hospices:

Mid-Dakota Community Based Hospice, Chamberlain

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

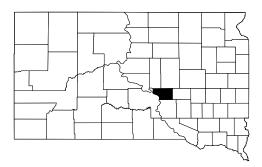
¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.
¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing

ome care.

¹⁸A partnership of the local county government, local health care providers, and the South Dakota Department of Health which delivers community health services.

Buffalo County

Demographic Information



Buffalo County is located in the central portion of the state and averages 4.3 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	2,032
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	83.3%
Percent Age 65 or Over	6.5%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	1,152
Percent of the Population	56.9%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,618
Percent of the Population	

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	7.5%
 Percent of Mothers Receiving 	
Care in 1st Trimester	49.3%
oPercent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	32.6%
oPercent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	8.8%
oFertility Rate ³	131.3
oTeenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	42.9

Mortality⁵

OALL CAUSES	1235.6
Heart Disease	284.2
Acute Myocardial Infarction	93.9
Heart Failure	LNE
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
oMalignant Neoplasms (cancer)	355.9
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	106.8
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	LNE
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	LNE
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	71.2
Accidents	
Motor Vehicle Accidents	28.4
Influenza & Pneumonia	LNE
Diabetes Mellitus	
Alzheimer's Disease	
oIntentional Self-Harm (suicide)	67.8
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	LNE
Infant Mortality	14.3

- •Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.
- oDenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

WIC¹³ Site:

IHS Clinic, Ft. Thompson

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

None

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

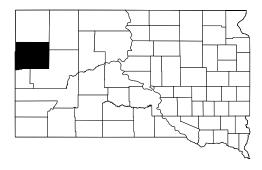
³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.



Butte County is located on the western border of the state and averages 4.0 people per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	9,094
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	2.7%
Percent Age 65 or Over	15.2%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	1,147
Percent of the Population	12.8%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	3,962
Percent of the Population	44.2%

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	8.9%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	80.4%
oPercent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	29.4%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
Fertility Rate ³	67.4
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	22.3

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	901.5
Heart Disease	209.9
Acute Myocardial Infarction	35.8
Heart Failure	20.9
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	269.7
oTrachea, Bronchus, & Lung	100.0
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	20.9
Female Breast	26.5
Prostate	28.8
Pancreas	20.7
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	11.6
Leukemia	11.0
Cerebrovascular Disease	30.9
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	75.4
Accidents	41.3
Motor Vehicle Accidents	23.3
Influenza & Pneumonia	41.5
Diabetes Mellitus	34.0
Alzheimer's Disease	24.7
ntentional Self-Harm (suicide)	24.8
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	9.6
nfant Mortality	LNE

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

oDenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Family Medical Center, Belle Fourche Newell Family Medical Center, Newell

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

830 6th Avenue, Belle Fourche 121 3rd Street, Newell

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Assisted Living Centers:

Residential Living Centers:

Buchholz Elderly Care, Belle Fourche	4	beds
Debbie's Home Care, Belle Fourche	2	beds
Our (Family Living) Home, Newell	10	beds

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

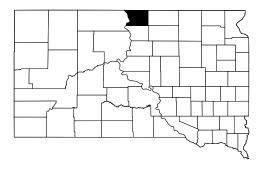
⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

Campbell County

Demographic Information



Campbell County is located in the north central portion of the state and averages 2.4 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	1,782
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.6%
Percent Age 65 or Over	22.1%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	251
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	726
Percent of the Population	40.7%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data,

Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

2001-2005

Natality Percent Low Birth Weight Infants 9.8% Percent of Mothers Receiving Care in 1st Trimester 83.7% • Percent of Mothers Who Used Tobacco While Pregnant 82.9% Percent of Mothers Who Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant LNE • Fertility Rate 3 35.2 Teenage Pregnancy Rate 4 LNE Mortality • ALL CAUSES 552.6

•ALL CAUSES	552.6
Heart Disease	183.0
Acute Myocardial Infarction	70.4
Heart Failure	
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	127.6
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	LNE
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	LNE
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	48.7
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	LNE
Accidents	
Motor Vehicle Accidents	57.2
Influenza & Pneumonia	LNE
Diabetes Mellitus	LNE
Alzheimer's Disease	LNE
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	LNE

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

 $\circ \mbox{Denotes}$ a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Campbell County Clinic, Herreid Campbell County Clinic, Pollock

Community health services are provided by the Walworth County public health services office.

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

None

Assisted Living Centers:

Herreid Good Samaritan Center, Herreid 27 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

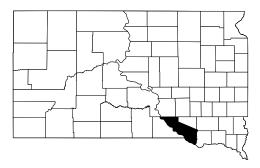
³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.



Charles Mix County is located in the south central area of the state and averages 8.5 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	9,350
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	29.5%
Percent Age 65 or Over	17.3%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	2,462
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	5,011
Percent of the Population	54.7%

 $[\]overline{\,^1}\mbox{All rates based}$ on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Care Resources¹

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	6.3%
 Percent of Mothers Receiving 	
Care in 1st Trimester	66.6%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	28.5%
oPercent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	3.1%
oFertility Rate ³	95.2
oTeenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	40.5

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUGLO	
Heart Disease	224.8
oAcute Myocardial Infarction	108.1
Heart Failure	28.8
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	158.2
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	34.4
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	15.6
Female Breast	20.5
Prostate	18.2
Pancreas	8.5
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	7.7
Cerebrovascular Disease	48.5
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	32.4
Accidents	
Motor Vehicle Accidents	36.9
Influenza & Pneumonia	22.4
Diabetes Mellitus	18.1
Alzheimer's Disease	15.0
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	23.4
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	15.7
Infant Mortality	16.6

- Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.
- oDenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Geddes Medical Clinic, Geddes Avera St. Benedict CRHC, Lake Andes Platte Medical Clinic, Platte

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family

Planning: Charles Mix County Courthouse, Lake Andes 612 East 7th Street, Platte Early Childhood Building, Wagner

Hospitals

Critical Access nospitals:	
Platte Health Center, Platte	15 beds/15 swing ¹⁷
Wagner Community Memorial	
Hospital, Wagner	$20 \text{ beds/}10 \text{ swing}^{17}$

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Assisted Living Centers:	
Wagner Good Samaritan Center, Wagner 68 be	eds
Platte Care Center, Platte	eds
Lake Andes Health Care Cntr, Lake Andes 37 be	eds

Home Health Agencies: Platte Home Health, Platte

Wagner Community Hospital, Wagner

Medicare Certified Hospices:

None

Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

 $^{^2\}mathrm{Data}$ for mothers who used to bacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

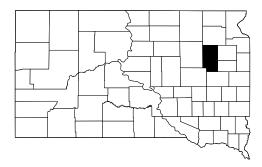
⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas. ¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.
¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.

Clark County

Demographic Information



Clark County is located in east central South Dakota and averages 4.3 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	4,143
Percent White	98.6%
Percent American Indian	0.7%
Percent Age 65 or Over	22.2%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	607
Percent of the Population	14.8%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,662
Percent of the Population	40.5%

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	5.0%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	68.3%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	17.2%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
•Fertility Rate ³	57.8
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	LNE

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES

ALL CAUSES	/13.0
Heart Disease	202.1
Acute Myocardial Infarction	53.6
Heart Failure	LNE
oAtherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	48.6
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	165.2
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	36.9
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	13.5
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	43.1
Pancreas	10.5
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	50.0
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	38.5
Accidents	42.8
Motor Vehicle Accidents	21.4
Influenza & Pneumonia	18.9
Diabetes Mellitus	27.9
Alzheimer's Disease	9.5
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	12.0
Infant Mortality	LNE

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

 $\circ \mbox{Denotes}$ a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Sioux Valley Clinic, Clark

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

Clark County Courthouse, Clark

Hospitals

None

713.0

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Assisted Living Centers:

Residential Living Centers:

Fay Wookey Memorial Center, Clark......7 beds

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

 $^{{}^{\}bar{1}}$ All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

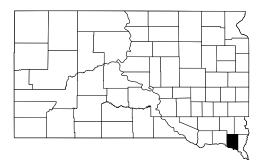
³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.



Clay County is located in the southeastern part of the state and averages 32.9 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	13,537
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	3.4%
Percent Age 65 or Over	10.1%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	2,406
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	4,955
Percent of the Population	43.7%

 $[\]overline{\,^1}\mbox{All rates based}$ on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	5.4%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	85.0%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	12.8%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
•Fertility Rate ³	37.1
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	7.8

Mortality⁵

ALL CALISES

ALL CAUSES	//1.0
Heart Disease	235.0
Acute Myocardial Infarction	89.0
Heart Failure	17.6
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	8.9
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	198.0
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	54.6
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	22.2
Female Breast	23.4
Prostate	51.9
Pancreas	20.7
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	8.9
Leukemia	6.9
Cerebrovascular Disease	63.4
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	33.0
Accidents	46.5
Motor Vehicle Accidents	17.9
Influenza & Pneumonia	22.2
Diabetes Mellitus	14.8
Alzheimer's Disease	21.1
•Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	6.6
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	18.2
Infant Mortality	5.3
•	

- \bullet Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.
- oDenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

Clay County Courthouse, Vermillion

Family Planning Service Site:

Vermillion Family Planning, Vermillion

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Sioux Valley Vermillion Hospital, Vermillion......25 beds/15 swing¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

771.0

Sioux Valley Vermillion Care Center,		
Vermillion	66 t	eds
Wakonda Heritage Manor, Wakonda	29 b	eds

Assisted Living Centers:

Vermillion Assisted Living, Vermillion 14 beds	j
Parkview Apartments AL, Wakonda	ļ

Residential Living Centers:

Dakota Gardens Senior Living, Vermillion....... 23 beds

Home Health Agencies:

Visiting Nurses Association, Vermillion

Medicare Certified Hospices:

Vermillion Community Hospice, Vermillion

 $^{^2\}mathrm{Data}$ for mothers who used to bacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

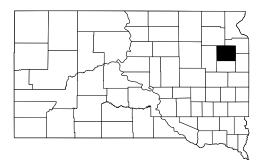
⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.



Codington County is located in eastern South Dakota and averages 37.7 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	25,897
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	1.9%
Percent Age 65 or Over	14.1%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	2,314
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	7,405
Percent of the Population	28.8%

 $[\]overline{\,^1}\mbox{All rates based}$ on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	7.5%
oPercent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	88.0%
oPercent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	25.0%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	0.9%
•Fertility Rate ³	64.9
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	19.6

Mortality⁵

J
ALL CAUSES764.2
Heart Disease
Acute Myocardial Infarction74.3
Heart Failure
oAtherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease24.9
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)194.6
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung45.0
Colon, Rectum, & Anus
Female Breast24.3
Prostate
Pancreas
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma7.7
Leukemia8.2
Cerebrovascular Disease
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases
Accidents
Motor Vehicle Accidents
Influenza & Pneumonia
Diabetes Mellitus
Alzheimer's Disease
•Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)7.6
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis7.7
Infant Mortality5.0

- \bullet Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.
- oDenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

Codington County Courthouse, Watertown

Family Planning Service Site:

Watertown Family Medical, Watertown

Disease Intervention Office¹²:

913 5th Street SE, Watertown

Hospitals

Prairie Lakes Hospital,			
Watertown	. 81	beds/10	swing ¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Jenkin's Living Center, Watertown	145	beds
Prairie Lakes Care Center, Watertown	51	beds

Assisted Living Centers:

There are 7 assisted living centers in Codington County. For more information refer to Appendix B, page 237.

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Prairie Lakes Home Care, Watertown

Medicare Certified Hospices:

Prairie Lakes Hospice, Watertown

 $^{^2\}mathrm{Data}$ for mothers who used to bacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is the live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

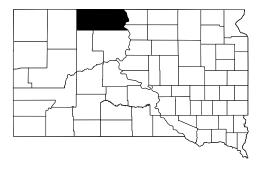
¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹²DIS coordinate infectious disease prevention and control programs.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.

Corson County

Demographic Information



Corson County is located in the north central portion of the state and averages 1.7 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	4,181
Percent White	37.2%
Percent American Indian	62.3%
Percent Age 65 or Over	10.5%
Percent Age 4 or Under	9.1%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	1,692
Percent of the Population	41.0%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	2,928
Percent of the Population	70.9%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data,
Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	7.4%
 Percent of Mothers Receiving 	
Care in 1st Trimester	60.3%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	16.0%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	3.0%
oFertility Rate ³	102.2
oTeenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	54.0

Mortality⁵

oALL CAUSES	1116.1
oHeart Disease	301.9
Acute Myocardial Infarction	
Heart Failure	
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	44.1
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	143.5
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	LNE
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	51.1
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	
oAccidents	
Motor Vehicle Accidents	
Influenza & Pneumonia	30.9
Diabetes Mellitus	52.3
Alzheimer's Disease	LNE
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	32.6
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

- \bullet Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.
- oDenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

McIntosh Community Clinic, McIntosh

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

West River Health Association, McLaughlin

WIC¹³ Site:

2nd Ave West, McLaughlin

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

None

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

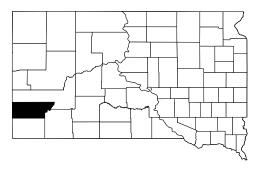
⁸Provide Comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

Custer County

Demographic Information



Custer County is located in the southern Black Hills and averages 4.7 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	7,275
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	4.5%
Percent Age 65 or Over	16.0%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	659
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	2,147
Percent of the Population	30.7%

 $[\]overline{\mbox{^{1}}\mbox{All}}$ rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	8.5%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	79.8%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	16.8%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
•Fertility Rate ³	
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	13.4

Mortality⁵

1.101 0001103	
ALL CAUSES	794.6
Heart Disease	
Acute Myocardial Infarction	82.6
Heart Failure	
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	186.1
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	47.5
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	17.7
Female Breast	27.7
Prostate	21.2
Pancreas	10.6
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	53.6
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	
Accidents	70.1
Motor Vehicle Accidents	38.5
Influenza & Pneumonia	23.2
Diabetes Mellitus	33.5
Alzheimer's Disease	22.4
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	
•	

- Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.
- oDenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Custer Clinic, Custer

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family Planning: Custer County Courthouse Annex, Custer

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Assisted Living Centers:

Wedgewood Regional Senior Care, Custer 16 beds

Residential Living Centers:

Home Health Agencies:

Southern Hills, Custer

Medicare Certified Hospices:

Custer Community Hospital

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

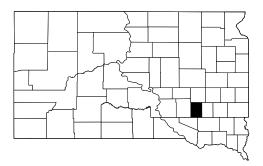
⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients. ¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing

Swing beds are nospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing ome care.



Davison County is located in eastern South Dakota and averages 43.0 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	18,741
Percent White	96.2%
Percent American Indian	2.4%
Percent Age 65 or Over	16.2%
Percent Age 4 or Under	6.5%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	2,068
Percent of the Population	11.5%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	5,558
Percent of the Population	30.8%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data,

Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	8.0%
oPercent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	85.1%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	19.7%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	1.1%
Fertility Rate ³	68.7
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	14.4
č č ,	

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	756.1
Heart Disease	182.9
Acute Myocardial Infarction	59.7
Heart Failure	7.5
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	20.7
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	189.0
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	55.4
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	17.3
Female Breast	27.2
Prostate	32.0
Pancreas	11.8
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	6.5
Leukemia	7.9
Cerebrovascular Disease	69.4
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	55.4
Accidents	44.8
Motor Vehicle Accidents	21.1
Influenza & Pneumonia	25.2
Diabetes Mellitus	16.0
Alzheimer's Disease	8.0
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	16.6
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	11.5
Infant Mortality	

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Number of Dentists ⁶	12

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family Planning: 909 South Miller, Ave., Mitchell

Family Planning Service Site:

Mitchell Family Planning, Mitchell

Hospitals

Avera Queen of Peace, Mitchell 120 beds/10 swing¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Avera Brady Health and Reha	b, Mitchell	84 beds
Firesteel Healthcare Center M	litchell	147 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Avera Brady Assisted Living, Mitchell	30 beds
Countryside Living, Mitchell	
Prairie Crossings, Mitchell	
Prairie Crossings, Mitchell	21 beds
Tender Hearts Assisted Living, Mitchell	11 beds
Tender Hearts Assisted Living, Mitchell	11 beds

Residential Living Centers:

Countryside Living, Mitchell	37 beds
Crystal Manor, Mitchell	18 beds
Rosewood Court, Mitchell	22 beds

Home Health Agencies:

Avera Queen of Peace Home Health, Mitchell Dakota Physical Therapy Home Health Care, Mitchell

Medicare Certified Hospices:

Mitchell Community Hospice, Mitchell

 $^{{}^{\}overline{1}}$ All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

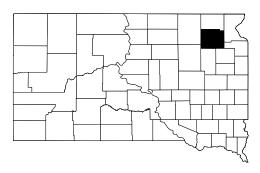
³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.



Day County is located in the northeastern part of the state and averages 6.1 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	6,267
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	8.2%
Percent Age 65 or Over	23.5%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	869
Percent of the Population	14.3%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	2,347
Percent of the Population	

All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data,

Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

2001-2005

Natality		
Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	7.4%	
Percent of Mothers Receiving		
Care in 1st Trimester	79.6%	
Percent of Mothers Who		
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	21.8%	
Percent of Mothers Who		
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE	
Fertility Rate ³	65.7	
Fertility Rate ³	21.1	
Mortality ⁵		
ALL CAUSES	849.6	
Heart Disease		
Acute Myocardial Infarction	237.8	
Heart Failure		
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	12.1	
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	154.9	
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung		
Colon, Rectum, & Anus		
Female Breast	30.4	
Prostate	41.0	
Pancreas	LNE	
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	6.2	
Leukemia		
Cerebrovascular Disease	49.3	
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	28.0	
o Accidents	100.6	
Motor Vehicle Accidents		
Influenza & Pneumonia	33.7	
Diabetes Mellitus	20.9	
•Alzheimer's Disease		
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)		
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	7.7	

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Number of Dentists⁶ 2

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Waubay Clinic Avera Health, Waubay Lake Area Family Health Center, Webster

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

Day County Courthouse, Webster

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

0	
Sun Dial Manor, Bristol	.37 beds
Strand-Kjorsvig Community Home, Roslyn	.36 beds
Bethesda Home, Webster	.58 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Johnson Center of Sun Dial Manor, Bristol....... 16 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

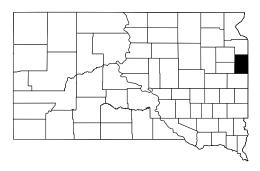
¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.

Deuel County

Demographic Information



Deuel County borders Minnesota and averages 7.2 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	4,498
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.7%
Percent Age 65 or Over	20.7%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	462
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,421
Percent of the Population	31.7%

 $\overline{\,}^{1}$ All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants
Percent of Mothers Receiving
Care in 1st Trimester 87.3%
Percent of Mothers Who
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²
Percent of Mothers Who
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²
Fertility Rate ³
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴ 6.5

Mortality⁵

•ALL CAUSES	686.9
Heart Disease	166.0
Acute Myocardial Infarction	62.7
Heart Failure	12.7
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	174.7
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	33.5
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	LNE
Female Breast	32.1
Prostate	39.4
Pancreas	20.0
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	10.7
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	35.4
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	29.3
Accidents	57.4
Motor Vehicle Accidents	45.5
Influenza & Pneumonia	20.5
Diabetes Mellitus	26.4
Alzheimer's Disease	13.4
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	12.4
Infant Mortality	LNE

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

 $\circ \mbox{Denotes}$ a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Deuel County Memorial Hosp and Clinic, Clear Lake

Community Health Services/PHA¹⁸ & WIC¹³:

Deuel County Memorial Hospital, Clear Lake

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Deuel County Memorial Hospital, Clear Lake20 beds/10 swing¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Deuel County Good Samaritan, Clear Lake....... 68 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Deuel County Memorial Home Health, Clear Lake

Medicare Certified Hospices:

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

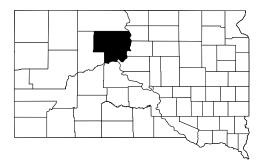
¹⁷Stripe hade are hospital hade that one has used for source or pursing

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.

¹⁸A partnership of the local county government, local health care providers, and the South Dakota Department of Health which delivers community health services.

Dewey County

Demographic Information



Dewey County is located in the north central region of the state and averages 2.6 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	5,972
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	75.4%
Percent Age 65 or Over	8.3%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	1,973
Percent of the Population	33.6%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	3,881
Percent of the Population	66.0%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

2001-2005

Mortality⁵

oall causes	1234.5
oHeart Disease	291.1
Acute Myocardial Infarction	105.8
Heart Failure	39.1
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	262.5
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	71.0
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	29.3
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	35.4
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	51.8
oAccidents	108.5
oMotor Vehicle Accidents	55.1
Influenza & Pneumonia	LNE
oDiabetes Mellitus	98.8
Alzheimer's Disease	LNE
oIntentional Self-Harm (suicide)	42.8
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	19.7
Infant Mortality	

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

 $\circ Denotes$ a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Community Center of Eagle Butte, Eagle Butte East Neighborhood Center-Eagle Butte Schools, Eagle Butte

Isabel Community Clinic Inc, Isabel Eastside Neighborhood Center-Toispaye Topa School, Ridgeview

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

West Dakota Health Center, Timber Lake

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family Planning: Dewey County Courthouse, Timber Lake 118 Main, Isabel

Hospitals

Indian Health Service, Eagle Butte

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

None

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

West Winds Health Services, Timber Lake

Medicare Certified Hospices:

 $^{{}^{\}overline{1}}$ All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

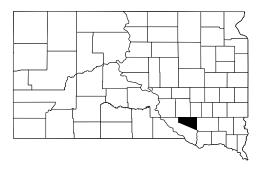
⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

Douglas County

Demographic Information



Douglas County is located in south central South Dakota and averages 8.0 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	3,458
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	1.4%
Percent Age 65 or Over	22.6%
Percent Age 4 or Under	5.8%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	487
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,354
Percent of the Population	

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	6.5%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	78.8%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	11.5%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
Fertility Rate ³	60.2
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	LNE

Mortality⁵

•ALL CAUSES	670.2
Heart Disease	155.1
Acute Myocardial Infarction	
Heart Failure	20.3
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	139.3
•Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	17.0
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	37.7
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	33.3
Accidents	88.6
Motor Vehicle Accidents	62.8
Influenza & Pneumonia	13.4
Diabetes Mellitus	21.4
Alzheimer's Disease	18.7
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	LNE
Infant Mortality	LNE

- •Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.
- oDenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Prairie Health Clinic, Armour Avera Corsica Medical Clinic, Corsica

Community Health Services/PHA¹⁸, WIC¹³ & Family Planning: Douglas County Mem Hosp, Armour

Family Planning Service Site:

Douglas County Public Health, Armour

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital ¹⁵:

Douglas Co Mem Hosp, Armour....... 11 beds/5 swing¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Beverly Healthcare, Armour	. 45	beds
Pleasant View Good Samaritan Cntr. Corsica	51	heds

Assisted Living Centers:

Prairie Villa, Armour	16 beds
Leisure Living, Corsica	10 beds

Residential Living Centers:

Home Health Agencies:

Douglas County Home Health Services, Armour

Medicare Certified Hospices:

 $[\]overline{^{1}}\mbox{All}$ rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

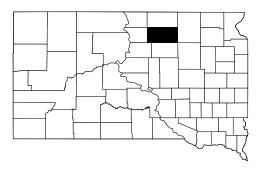
⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.
¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.

¹⁸A partnership of the local county government, local health care providers, and the South Dakota Department of Health which delivers community health services.



Edmunds County is located in the north central region of the state and averages 3.8 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	4,367
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.3%
Percent Age 65 or Over	22.2%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	585
Percent of the Population	13.8%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,662
Percent of the Population	39.3%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	7.2%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	77.0%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	9.7%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
Fertility Rate ³	62.6
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	LNE

Mortality⁵

•ALL CAUSES	677.8
Heart Disease	215.1
Acute Myocardial Infarction	64.0
Heart Failure	11.6
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	16.4
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	138.3
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	26.4
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	22.7
Female Breast	33.0
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	52.8
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	17.4
Accidents	62.6
Motor Vehicle Accidents	46.8
Influenza & Pneumonia	14.1
Diabetes Mellitus	23.1
Alzheimer's Disease	24.5
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	LNE
Infant Mortality	LNE

- •Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.
- oDenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Avera United Clinic of Ipswich, Ipswich Bowdle Clinic, Bowdle

Community Health Services/PHA¹⁸ & WIC¹³:

Bowdle Healthcare Center, Bowdle

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Bowdle Hospital, Bowdle 12 beds/6 swing 17

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Bowdle Nursing Home, Bowdle	36	beds
Senior Citizen's Home, Hosmer	40	beds
Beverly Healthcare, Inswich	57	beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Bowdle Hospital Assisted Living Cntr, Bowdle 4 beds
Bowdle Nursing Home ALC, Bowdle 1 beds
Westwood Assisted Living, Roscoe

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

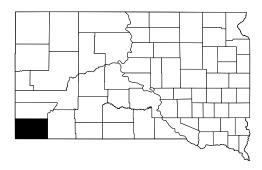
⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.
¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing

home care. ¹⁸A partnership of the local county government, local health care providers, and the South Dakota Department of Health which delivers community health services.



Fall River County is located in the southwestern corner of the state and averages 4.3 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	7,453
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	8.1%
Percent Age 65 or Over	22.5%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	951
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	2,856
Percent of the Population	40.8%

 $[\]overline{\,^1}\mbox{All rates based}$ on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	4.9%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	75.7%
oPercent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	26.7%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
•Fertility Rate ³	57.5
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	22.1

Mortality⁵

oall causes	947.9
Heart Disease	251.9
OAcute Myocardial Infarction	161.7
Heart Failure	8.9
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	11.8
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	221.0
oTrachea, Bronchus, & Lung	93.2
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	
Female Breast	19.9
Prostate	32.6
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	14.4
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	59.9
oChronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	75.2
Accidents	57.4
Motor Vehicle Accidents	19.1
Influenza & Pneumonia	26.8
Diabetes Mellitus	32.7
Alzheimer's Disease	5.9
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	33.7
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	9.0
Infant Mortality	

- \bullet Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.
- oDenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Edgemont Memorial Clinic, Edgemont Fall River Clinic, Hot Springs Family Health Clinic of the Southern Hills, Hot Springs

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family Planning: Fall River County Courthouse, Hot Springs

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Fall River Hospital, Hot Springs............ 9 beds/9 swing¹⁷

Veterans' Administration:

VA Black Hills Health Care System, Hot Springs

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Assisted Living Centers:

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

 $^{^2\}mathrm{Data}$ for mothers who used to bacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

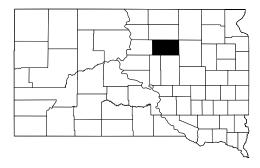
⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.
¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care



Faulk County is located in north central South Dakota and averages 2.6 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	2,640
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.4%
Percent Age 65 or Over	22.9%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	468
Percent of the Population	18.1%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,114
Percent of the Population	43.0%

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight InfantsLNE
Percent of Mothers Receiving
Care in 1st Trimester 65.4%
 Percent of Mothers Who
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²
Percent of Mothers Who
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ² LNE
Fertility Rate ³
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴ LNE

Mortality⁵

• ALL CAUSES

•ALL CAUSES	040.0
Heart Disease	170.4
Acute Myocardial Infarction	67.4
Heart Failure	34.1
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	158.9
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	34.7
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	22.9
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	24.9
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	31.9
Accidents	37.1
Motor Vehicle Accidents	LNE
Influenza & Pneumonia	LNE
Diabetes Mellitus	16.8
Alzheimer's Disease	14.9
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	LNE
Donate - health states in disease which is simifican	.41 1 41

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

 $\circ \mbox{Denotes}$ a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Faulkton Medical Clinic, Faulkton

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

Faulk County Courthouse, Faulkton

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Faulk County Mem Hosp, Faulkton..... 12 beds/6 swing¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Assisted Living Centers:

The Meadows Assisted Living, Faulkton 24 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

648.8

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

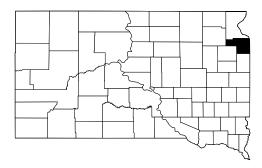
⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients. ¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing

home care.



Grant County borders Minnesota in northeastern South Dakota and averages 11.5 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	7,847
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.6%
Percent Age 65 or Over	19.1%
Percent Age 4 or Under	5.9%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	761
Percent of the Population	9.9%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	2,370
Percent of the Population	30.8%

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants
Percent of Mothers Receiving
Care in 1st Trimester
Percent of Mothers Who
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²
Percent of Mothers Who
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ² LNE
•Fertility Rate ³ 55.7
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴ 11.9

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	741.1
Heart Disease	178.6
oAcute Myocardial Infarction	106.5
Heart Failure	23.4
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	9.9
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	181.2
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	35.1
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	23.5
Female Breast	36.6
Prostate	46.5
Pancreas	8.6
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	5.9
Cerebrovascular Disease	88.4
• Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	24.5
Accidents	42.5
Motor Vehicle Accidents	19.8
Influenza & Pneumonia	25.7
Diabetes Mellitus	
Alzheimer's Disease	34.6
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	11.5
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	10.3
Infant Mortality	LNE

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

,	
Number of Dentists ⁶	

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Revillo Clinic/Avera Health, Revillo

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family

Planning: Grant County Courthouse, Milbank

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵

Milbank Area Hospital/Ave	
Health, Milbank	25 beds/15 swing ¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

741 1

Beverly Healthcare, Milbank	81	beds
St. Williams Home for the Aged, Milbank	60	beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Angela Hall ALC, Milbank	22	beds
Beverly Healthcare-Park Place, Milbank	36	beds

Residential Living Centers:

Rita's Home Care, Milbank	13	bed	S
Snell's Residential Adult Care Home, Milbank	12	bed	S

Home Health Agencies:

Milbank Area Home Health, Milbank

Medicare Certified Hospices:

Milbank Area Valley Hospice/Avera Health

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

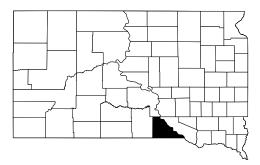
³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas. ¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients. ¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.



Gregory County borders the west bank of the Missouri River and the state of Nebraska and averages 4.7 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	4,792
Percent White	93.2%
Percent American Indian	6.2%
Percent Age 65 or Over	24.8%
Percent Age 4 or Under	4.9%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	942
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	
Percent of the Population	

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

•	
Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	5.4%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	75.1%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	16.9%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	2.0%
•Fertility Rate ³	54.0
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	9.2
5	

Mortality⁵

•ALL CAUSES	662.8
Heart Disease	
Acute Myocardial Infarction	
Heart Failure	9.1
 Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease 	33.9
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	182.6
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	33.3
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	13.8
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	23.9
Pancreas	
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	44.1
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	21.9
• Accidents	
Motor Vehicle Accidents	17.3
Influenza & Pneumonia	11.5
Diabetes Mellitus	
Alzheimer's Disease	
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	10.5
Infant Mortality	19.6

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1.000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Bonesteel Medical Clinic, Bonesteel Burke Medical Clinic, Burke Fairfax Family Clinic Avera Health, Fairfax Rosebud Family Clinic Avera Health, Gregory

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family

Planning: Gregory County Courthouse. Burke WIC¹³ Site:

303 Mellete St. Bonesteel

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Comm Mem Hospital, Burke............. 16 beds/15 swing¹⁷ Avera Gregory Healthcare Center,

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Avera Rosebud Country Care Cntr, Gregory...... 58 beds **Assisted Living Centers:**

Residential Living Centers:

Burke Residential Home 6 beds

Home Health Agencies:

Avera Gregory Home Health Agency, Gregory

Medicare Certified Hospices:

None

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

home care.

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

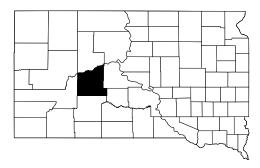
⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas. ¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients. ¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing

Haakon County

Demographic Information



Haakon County is located in the west central region of the state and averages 1.2 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	2,196
Percent White	96.4%
Percent American Indian	3.4%
Percent Age 65 or Over	18.0%
Percent Age 4 or Under	5.3%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	298
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	755
Percent of the Population	

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

2001-2005

Natality
Percent Low Birth Weight InfantsLNE
Percent of Mothers Receiving
Care in 1st Trimester 81.1%
 Percent of Mothers Who
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²
Percent of Mothers Who
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ² LNE
•Fertility Rate ³ 45.0
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴ LNE
Mortality ⁵
ALL CAUSES718.9
Heart Disease
Acute Myocardial Infarction49.8
Heart Failure
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular DiseaseLNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)164.7
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung45.8
Colon, Rectum, & AnusLNE
Female BreastLNE
ProstateLNE
Pancreas
Non-Hodgkin's LymphomaLNE
LeukemiaLNE
•Cerebrovascular Disease
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases
Accidents65.2
Motor Vehicle Accidents51.0
Influenza & Pneumonia
Diabetes MellitusLNE
Alzheimer's Disease LNE
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & NephrosisLNE
Infant MortalityLNE
●Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average. ○Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than

oDenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care Number of Dentists ⁶	1
Rural Health Clinic ⁹ : Philip Clinic, Philip	
Community Health Services, WIC ¹³ a Planning: Haakon County Courthouse, I	•
Hospitals Critical Access Hospital ¹⁵ : Hans P. Peterson Memorial Hospital, Philip	oeds/15 swing ¹⁷
Long-Term Care	
Nursing Facilities: Philip Nursing Home, Philip	30 beds
Assisted Living Centers: The Silverleaf, Philip	16 beds
Residential Living Centers: None	
Home Health Agencies:	

Medicare Certified Hospices:

Philip Home Health, Philip

 $[\]overline{\,^1}\mbox{All rates based}$ on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

 $^{^2\}mathrm{Data}$ for mothers who used to bacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

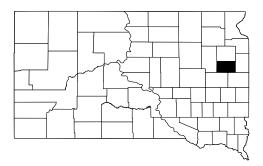
⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.
¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care

Hamlin County

Demographic Information



Hamlin County is located in the northeastern region of the state and averages 10.9 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	5,546
Percent White	98.5%
Percent American Indian	0.9%
Percent Age 65 or Over	19.2%
Percent Age 4 or Under	6.5%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	660
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	2,181
Percent of the Population	39.8%

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data,

Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ² LNE	
oFertility Rate ³ 94.5	
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴ 6.7	

Mortality⁵

Wiortanty	
ALL CAUSES	792.3
Heart Disease	154.7
Acute Myocardial Infarction	54.2
Heart Failure	
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	15.3
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	205.5
•Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	
Female Breast	33.8
Prostate	30.4
Pancreas	11.5
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	16.3
Cerebrovascular Disease	50.5
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	35.8
Accidents	39.7
Motor Vehicle Accidents	LNE
Influenza & Pneumonia	30.7
Diabetes Mellitus	14.0
oAlzheimer's Disease	39.7
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	LNE
Infant Mortality	10.6

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Oualified Health Center⁸:

Bryant Clinic, Bryant

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Sioux Valley Clinic, Estelline SVC-Lake Norden, Lake Norden

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

Hamlin County Courthouse, Hayti

Hospitals

None

792 3

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Bryant Parkview Care Center, Bryant	42	beds
Estelline Nursing and Care Center, Estelline	60	beds
Beverly Healthcare, Lake Norden	61	beds

Assisted Living Centers:

South Park Assisted Living, Bryant	14 beds
Castlewood Assisted Living, Castlewood	16 beds
Estelline Nursing and Care Center, Estelline	2 beds
The Homestead AL, Lake Norden	8 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

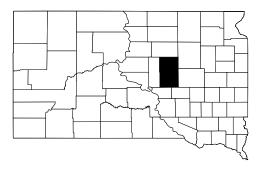
⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

Hand County

Demographic Information



Hand County is located in central South Dakota and averages 2.6 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	3,741
Percent White	99.3%
Percent American Indian	0.3%
Percent Age 65 or Over	24.2%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	339
Percent of the Population	9.2%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,221
Percent of the Population	

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	701.9
Heart Disease	121.8
Acute Myocardial Infarction	30.5
Heart Failure	21.7
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	171.5
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	39.3
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	17.9
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	15.2
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	13.6
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	39.7
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	50.7
Accidents	54.2
Motor Vehicle Accidents	38.0
Influenza & Pneumonia	16.5
Diabetes Mellitus	29.1
Alzheimer's Disease	LNE
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	19.9
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	LNE
Infant Mortality	LNE

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

 $\circ Denotes$ a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Community Health Services/PHA¹⁸, WIC¹³ & Family Planning: Hand County Mem Hosp, Miller

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Hand County Mem Hosp, Miller 25 beds/15 swing¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Prairie Good Samaritan Center, Miller 54 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Hand County Home Health Agency, Miller

Medicare Certified Hospices:

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

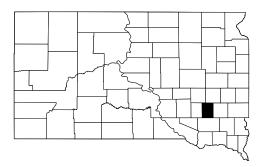
¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.

¹⁸A partnership of the local county government, local health care providers, and the South Dakota Department of Health which delivers community health services.

Hanson County

Demographic Information



Hanson County is located in southeastern South Dakota and averages 7.2 people per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	3,139
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.2%
Percent Age 65 or Over	14.9%
Percent Age 4 or Under	7.5%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	521
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,249
Percent of the Population	39.8%

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	6.7%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	74.7%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	8.3%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	1.9%
oFertility Rate ³	89.8
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	LNE

Mortality⁵

•ALL CAUSES	611.1
Heart Disease	138.8
Acute Myocardial Infarction	54.8
Heart Failure	LNE
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	180.1
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	44.2
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	28.8
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	64.7
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	28.0
Accidents	40.9
Motor Vehicle Accidents	28.7
Influenza & Pneumonia	LNE
Diabetes Mellitus	
Alzheimer's Disease	LNE
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	LNE
Infant Mortality	

- •Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.
- ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

430 Main Street, Alexandria

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

None

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

 $[\]overline{\,^1}\mbox{All rates based}$ on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

 $^{^2\}mathrm{Data}$ for mothers who used to bacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

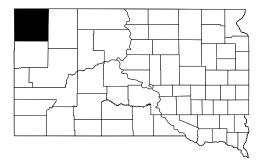
⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

Harding County

Demographic Information



Harding County is located in the northwestern corner of the state and averages 0.5 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	1,353
Percent White	97.6%
Percent American Indian	1.1%
Percent Age 65 or Over	13.4%
Percent Age 4 or Under	4.2%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	277
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	
Percent of the Population	

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	6.5%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	74.6%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	10.2%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
•Fertility Rate ³	53.4
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	LNE

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	638.6
Heart Disease	125.8
Acute Myocardial Infarction	LNE
Heart Failure	LNE
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	168.0
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	57.3
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	LNE
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	LNE
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	72.7
Accidents	81.0
Motor Vehicle Accidents	66.9
Influenza & Pneumonia	LNE
Diabetes Mellitus	LNE
Alzheimer's Disease	
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	LNE
Infant Mortality	

- Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.
- ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

WIC¹³ Site:

Harding County Courthouse, Buffalo

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

None

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Preferred Home Health Agency, Buffalo

Medicare Certified Hospices:

 $^{{}^{\}bar{1}}$ All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

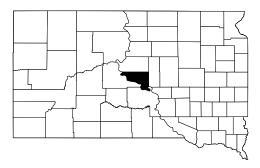
²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.



Hughes County is located in the center of the state and averages 22.2 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	16,481
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	9.9%
Percent Age 65 or Over	13.7%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	1,255
Percent of the Population	8.0%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	3,451
Percent of the Population	22.0%

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

•	
Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	7.2%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	78.5%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	22.1%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	2.4%
•Fertility Rate ³	59.3
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	12.6
E	

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	763.7
• Heart Disease	162.5
Acute Myocardial Infarction	35.4
OHeart Failure	31.2
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
•Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	154.6
•Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	36.6
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	
Female Breast	24.0
Prostate	22.8
Pancreas	
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	6.4
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	48.3
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	61.7
• Accidents	
Motor Vehicle Accidents	10.4
Influenza & Pneumonia	26.2
Diabetes Mellitus	33.2
Alzheimer's Disease	36.5
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	16.0
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	
•	

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

East Neighborhood Center, Pierre

East Neighborhood Center-Buchanan School, Pierre

South Dakota Urban Indian Health, Pierre

Children's Special Health Services¹¹:

800 East Dakota, Pierre

Disease Intervention Office¹²:

302 East Dakota, Pierre

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ and Family

Planning: 302 East Dakota, Pierre

Family Planning Service Sites:

Pierre Area Family Planning

South Dakota Women's Prison, Pierre

Urban Indian Health, Pierre

Hospitals

St. Mary's Hospital, Pierre 60 beds/10 swing¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Beverly Healthcare, Pierre	72 beds
Maryhouse, Pierre	105 beds
Assisted Living Centers:	
Kelly's Retirement Home I, Pierre	15 beds
Kelly's Retirement Home II, Pierre	16 beds
Residential Living Centers:	
Dakota Heritage House, Pierre	11 beds
Evergreen Manor Senior RLC, Pierre	17 beds
Parkwood. Pierre	58 beds

Home Health Agencies:

St. Mary's Home Health, Pierre

Medicare Certified Hospices:

St. Mary's Healthcare Center Hospice, Pierre

All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

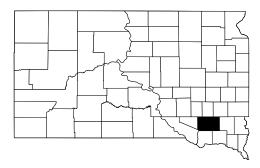
⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1.000 live births.

¹¹CSHS provides diagnostic, consultative, and care coordination services for children with special health care needs.

¹²DIS coordinate infectious disease prevention and control programs.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.



Hutchinson County is located in the southeastern region of the state and averages 9.9 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	8,075
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.8%
Percent Age 65 or Over	26.2%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	1,002
Percent of the Population	13.0%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	2.879
Percent of the Population	37.2%

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	6.3%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	74.1%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	10.1%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
Fertility Rate ³	66.7
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	4.9
· - 5	

Mortality⁵

Will tallty	
ALL CAUSES	730.9
Heart Disease	202.1
OAcute Myocardial Infarction	110.4
Heart Failure	19.1
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	6.4
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	171.4
•Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	26.0
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	19.9
Female Breast	47.0
Prostate	11.2
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	4.1
Leukemia	8.2
Cerebrovascular Disease	61.7
•Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	15.5
Accidents	37.5
Motor Vehicle Accidents	20.8
Influenza & Pneumonia	20.5
Diabetes Mellitus	16.9
oAlzheimer's Disease	38.6
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	10.6
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	
•	

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Menno Clinic, Menno

Avera St. Benedict Cert. RH Clinic, Parkston

Avera St. Benedict CRHC, Tripp

Community Health Services/PHA¹⁸ & WIC¹³:

Freeman Regional Health Services, Freeman Avera St. Benedict Health Center, Parkston

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospitals 15:

Freeman Medical Center, Freeman.... 25 beds/10 swing¹⁷ Avera St. Benedict Cntr, Parkston..... 25 beds/15 swing¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Assisted Living Centers:	
Tripp Good Samaritan Center, Tripp	53 beds
Avera Bormann Manor, Parkston	47 beds
Menno-Olivet Care Center, Menno	49 beds
Oakview Terrace, Freeman	50 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Salem Mennonite Home, Freeman	52 beds
Avera Bormann Manor Assisted Living, Parkston	3 beds
Avera St. Benedict Assisted Living, Parkston	16 beds
Tripp Good Samaritan Center AL, Tripp	10 beds

Residential Living Centers:

Avera St. Benedict Residential Living, Parkston...... 9 beds

Home Health Agencies:

Freeman Community Hospital Home Care, Freeman Avera St. Benedict Health Center HHA, Parkston

Medicare Certified Hospices:

Freeman Community Hospice, Freeman St. Benedict Hospice, Parkston

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.
¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing

¹⁸A partnership of the local county government, local health care providers, and the South Dakota Department of Health which delivers community health services.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported

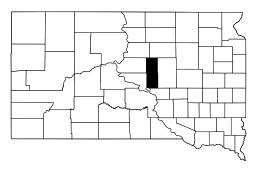
³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Hyde County

Demographic Information



Hyde County is located in the central region of the state and averages 1.9 people per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	1,671
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	8.4%
Percent Age 65 or Over	22.3%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	200
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	540
Percent of the Population	

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	5.4%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	77.2%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	18.5%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
Fertility Rate ³	68.1
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	22.9

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	773.4
Heart Disease	267.4
Acute Myocardial Infarction	85.4
oHeart Failure	67.0
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	232.2
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	58.3
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	LNE
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	100.9
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	38.8
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	39.7
Accidents	46.3
Motor Vehicle Accidents	LNE
Influenza & Pneumonia	LNE
Diabetes Mellitus	LNE
Alzheimer's Disease	LNE
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	
•	

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

 $\circ \mbox{Denotes}$ a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Highmore Clinic, Highmore

East Neighborhood Center-Crow Creek Schools, Stephan

WIC¹³ Site:

Hyde County Courthouse, Highmore

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Highmore Health Care Center, Highmore 34 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

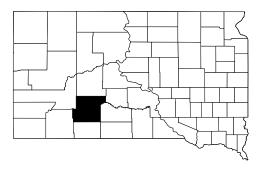
⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

Jackson County

Demographic Information



Jackson County is located in western South Dakota and averages 1.6 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	2,930
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	49.6%
Percent Age 65 or Over	11.6%
Percent Age 4 or Under	8.3%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	1,053
Percent of the Population	36.5%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	2,006
Percent of the Population	69.5%

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

2001-2005

Natality	
Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	6.8%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	71.2%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	13.8%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
oFertility Rate ³	
oTeenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	46.6
Mortality ⁵	
oALL CAUSES	965.4
Heart Disease	220.3
Acute Myocardial Infarction	130.9
Heart Failure	
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Molignant Nagalasms (agazar)	210.2

Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	219.2
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	66.5
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	LNE
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	43.7
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	49.9
oAccidents	104.3
Motor Vehicle Accidents	66.6
Influenza & Pneumonia	LNE
oDiabetes Mellitus	82.8
Alzheimer's Disease	LNE
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	31.7
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	LNE
Infant Mortality	13.6

- •Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.
- oDenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family Planning: 720 6th Ave, Kadoka

WIC¹³ Site:

100 Clinic Drive, Wanblee

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

 $^{^2\}mathrm{Data}$ for mothers who used to bacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

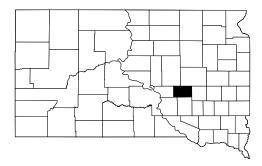
⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

Jerauld County

Demographic Information



Jerauld County is located in the central region of the state and averages 4.3 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	2,295
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.8%
Percent Age 65 or Over	25.6%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	464
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	856
Percent of the Population	

See Technical Notes for more information. Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	11.3%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	72.1%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	9.0%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
Fertility Rate ³	68.5
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	LNE

Mortality⁵

•ALL CAUSES	611.2
Heart Disease	187.5
Acute Myocardial Infarction	64.7
Heart Failure	36.0
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	137.9
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	36.5
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	LNE
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	49.2
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	12.4
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	32.1
Accidents	38.0
Motor Vehicle Accidents	31.8
Influenza & Pneumonia	28.6
Diabetes Mellitus	19.0
Alzheimer's Disease	
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	LNE
Infant Mortality	LNE

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

5All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Jerauld County Clinic, Wessington Springs

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family

Planning: 606 1st Street NE, Wessington Springs

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Avera Weskota Memorial Medical Center.

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Weskota Home Health, Wessington Springs

Medicare Certified Hospices:

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

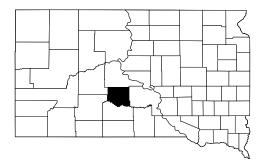
¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing

Jones County

Demographic Information



Jones County is located in western South Dakota and averages 1.2 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	1,193
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	3.9%
Percent Age 65 or Over	18.2%
Percent Age 4 or Under	4.9%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	188
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	492
Percent of the Population	41 2%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data,

Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	6.3%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	82.8%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	21.9%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
Fertility Rate ³	57.9
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	LNE
5 5 7	

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES

•ALL CAUSES	333.8
Heart Disease	111.0
Acute Myocardial Infarction	LNE
Heart Failure	
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	179.1
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	59.9
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	LNE
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	LNE
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	86.1
Accidents	LNE
Motor Vehicle Accidents	LNE
Influenza & Pneumonia	LNE
Diabetes Mellitus	
Alzheimer's Disease	LNE
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	LNE
Infant Mortality	LNE

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Jones County Clinic, Murdo

WIC¹³ Site:

609 Garfield Ave, Murdo

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

None

535 8

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are

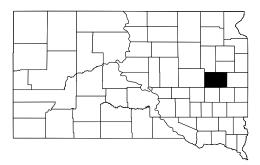
³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.



Kingsbury County is located in east central South Dakota and averages 6.9 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	5,815
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.6%
Percent Age 65 or Over	24.2%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	561
Percent of the Population	10.0%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,737
Percent of the Population	30.9%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	7.3%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	84.0%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	14.1%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
•Fertility Rate ³	54.8
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	10.9
_	

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	825.9
Heart Disease	200.8
Acute Myocardial Infarction	85.6
Heart Failure	25.1
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	180.9
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	27.5
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	22.4
Female Breast	25.9
Prostate	57.5
Pancreas	14.4
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	12.5
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	62.1
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	31.4
Accidents	61.8
Motor Vehicle Accidents	35.3
Influenza & Pneumonia	34.5
Diabetes Mellitus	22.0
Alzheimer's Disease	33.1
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
oNephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	26.3
Infant Mortality	LNE

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

 $\circ Denotes$ a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Bell Medical Services, DeSmet Lake Preston Clinic, Lake Preston

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Arlington Medical Clinic, Arlington

WIC¹³ Site:

Kingsbury County Courthouse Annex, DeSmet

Family Planning Service Site:

Bell Medical Service, DeSmet

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospitals 15:

DeSmet Mem Hospital, DeSmet....... 17 beds/8 swing¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Beverly Healthcare, Arlington	42	beds
DeSmet Good Samaritan Center, DeSmet	53	beds
Kingsbury Memorial Manor, Lake Preston	48	beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Pine View Assisted Living Center, DeSmet 10 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

 $[\]overline{\ }^{1}All$ rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

⁹ RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

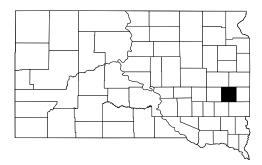
¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.

Lake County

Demographic Information



Lake County is located in the east central region of the state and averages 20.0 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	11,276
Percent White	97.8%
Percent American Indian	0.9%
Percent Age 65 or Over	16.3%
Percent Age 4 or Under	5.5%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	1,024
Percent of the Population	9.7%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	3,005
Percent of the Population	28.5%

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	6.8%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	85.4%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	19.2%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
•Fertility Rate ³	51.1
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	7.4

Mortality⁵

•ALL CAUSES	701.3
Heart Disease	165.8
Acute Myocardial Infarction	58.3
Heart Failure	8.4
oAtherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	34.0
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	175.3
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	64.0
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	
Female Breast	20.3
Prostate	23.1
Pancreas	19.9
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	72.3
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	42.2
Accidents	38.4
Motor Vehicle Accidents	24.8
Influenza & Pneumonia	16.7
Diabetes Mellitus	23.1
Alzheimer's Disease	30.8
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	7.8
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family

Planning: Lake County Courthouse, Madison

Hospitals

Critical Access Hosptial¹⁵:

Madison Comm Hosp, Madison 25 beds/15 swing 17

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Bethel Lutheran Home, Madison	59	beds
Beverly Healthcare, Madison	61	beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Bethel Suites, Madison	16 beds
Heritage Senior Living, Madison	26 beds
Ramona ALC, Ramona	16 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Madison Home Care, Madison

Medicare Certified Hospices:

Madison Hospital Hospice, Madison

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

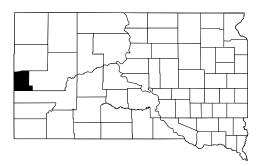
⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.
¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing

home care.



Lawrence County is located along the Wyoming border and averages 27.3 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	21,802
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	2.9%
Percent Age 65 or Over	14.6%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	3,073
Percent of the Population	14.8%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	7,737
Percent of the Population	37.1%

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Natanty	
Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	8.4%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	81.5%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	20.3%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	1.2%
•Fertility Rate ³	49.5
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	12.1
Mortality ⁵	
ALL CAUSES	
Heart Disease	184.9
Acute Myocardial Infarction	55.4
Heart Failure	
A 411	LAID

Heart Failure	22.5
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	194.3
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	58.4
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	24.9
Female Breast	29.9
Prostate	16.1
Pancreas	9.9
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	9.5
Leukemia	3.9
Cerebrovascular Disease	56.7
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	58.0
Accidents	36.1
Motor Vehicle Accidents	18.1
Influenza & Pneumonia	19.3
Diabetes Mellitus	13.7
Alzheimer's Disease	27.1
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	14.7
Infant Mortality	9.0

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family

Planning: Pluma School, Deadwood

Community Health Services & WIC¹³: 930 N 10th Street, Spearfish

Family Planning Service Site:

West Dakota Health Care, Inc. Spearfish

Hospitals

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Dorsett Regional Senior Care, Spearfish 102 beds **Assisted Living Centers:**

There are 8 assisted living centers in Lawrence County. For more information refer to Appendix B, page 237.

Residential Living Centers:

There are 7 residential living centers in Lawrence County. For more information refer to Appendix B, page 237.

Home Health Agencies:

Spearfish Regional Hospital Home Care, Spearfish

Medicare Certified Hospices:

Lookout Memorial Hospice, Spearfish

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

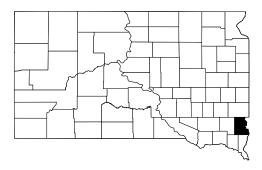
¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

¹⁶Specialized hospitals do not provide all the services required to qualify as a general hospital, such as surgical, obstetrical, and emergency services.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.

Lincoln County

Demographic Information



Lincoln County is located in southeastern South Dakota and averages 41.7 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	24,131
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.8%
Percent Age 65 or Over	.10.4%
Percent Age 4 or Under	8.0%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	1,053
Percent of the Population	4.4%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	4,263
Percent of the Population	17.9%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	6.1%
oPercent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	86.6%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	10.3%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
oFertility Rate ³	99.2
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	14.0

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	842.1
Heart Disease	222.3
Acute Myocardial Infarction	94.9
Heart Failure	10.7
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	16.1
oMalignant Neoplasms (cancer)	250.7
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	60.3
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	23.3
Female Breast	41.6
Prostate	31.3
Pancreas	17.4
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	5.4
Leukemia	16.9
Cerebrovascular Disease	60.3
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	37.9
•Accidents	26.9
Motor Vehicle Accidents	11.4
Influenza & Pneumonia	18.9
Diabetes Mellitus	21.4
Alzheimer's Disease	23.2
•Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	7.9
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	14.6
Infant Mortality	
•	

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

5All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Lennox Area Medical Center, Lennox

WIC¹³ Site:

723 East 5th Street, Canton

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Canton-Inwood Memorial Hospital,

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Canton Good Samaritan Cntr, Canton	52 beds
Hudson Healthcare Center	36 beds
Lennox Good Samaritan Center	63 heds

Assisted Living Centers:

Canton Good Samaritan Center ALC	9 beds
Hiawatha Heights AL, Canton	16 beds
Hilda's Heritage Home, Lennox	28 beds

Residential Living Centers:

Home Health Agencies:

Medicare Certified Hospices:

None

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

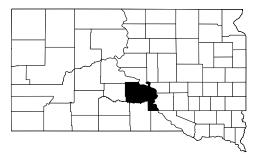
¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients. ¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing

home care.

Lyman County

Demographic Information



Lyman County is located in central South Dakota and averages 2.4 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	3,895
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	34.7%
Percent Age 65 or Over	13.6%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	941
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	
Percent of the Population	

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	7.2%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	71.7%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	27.6%
oPercent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	3.8%
oFertility Rate ³	102.3
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	

Mortality⁵

Williamity	
ALL CAUSES	786.9
Heart Disease	203.2
Acute Myocardial Infarction	112.4
Heart Failure	24.5
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	170.3
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	70.1
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	LNE
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	20.6
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	
Accidents	80.5
Motor Vehicle Accidents	42.6
Influenza & Pneumonia	16.2
Diabetes Mellitus	34.4
Alzheimer's Disease	LNE
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	10.7
•	

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Stanley-Jones Memorial Clinic, Presho

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

Lyman County Courthouse, Kennebec

WIC¹³ Site:

187 Ovate Circle, Lower Brule

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

None

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

New Life Boarding Home, Presho...... 8 beds

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

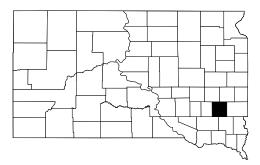
³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.



McCook County is located in eastern South Dakota and averages 10.2 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	5,832
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.6%
Percent Age 65 or Over	19.5%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	458
Percent of the Population	8.1%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,724
Percent of the Population	

 $[\]overline{^{1}}\mbox{All rates based}$ on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	7.9%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	81.1%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	11.5%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
Fertility Rate ³	77.3
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	8.3

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	739.0
Heart Disease	209.5
Acute Myocardial Infarction	97.6
Heart Failure	
 Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease 	28.7
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	175.4
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	43.3
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	16.5
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	21.5
Pancreas	11.6
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	11.8
Leukemia	6.5
Cerebrovascular Disease	40.7
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	37.6
Accidents	
Motor Vehicle Accidents	40.9
Influenza & Pneumonia	33.8
Diabetes Mellitus	10.7
Alzheimer's Disease	26.6
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	11.2
Infant Mortality	LNE

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Avera Salem Family Medical Clinic, Salem McGreevy Clinic, Salem

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

McCook County Courthouse, Salem

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Diamond Care Center, Bridgewater	. 39 beds
Canistota Good Samaritan Ctr, Canistota	. 49 beds
Beverly Healthcare, Salem	. 55 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Grandview, Bridgewater	14 beds
Leisure Living, Salem	10 beds

Residential Living Centers:

Leisure Living Apartments, Salem20 beds

Home Health Agencies:

State Home Care Services, Salem

Medicare Certified Hospices:

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

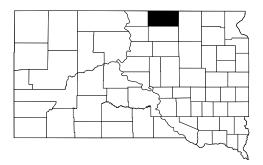
³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.



McPherson County is located in the north central region of the state and averages 2.6 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	2,904
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.4%
Percent Age 65 or Over	29.6%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	640
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,446
Percent of the Population	51.1%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	7.0%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	81.1%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	8.1%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
•Fertility Rate ³	
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	12.7

Mortality⁵

•ALL CAUSES	610.7
Heart Disease	209.2
Acute Myocardial Infarction	68.7
Heart Failure	14.7
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	165.0
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	22.6
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	49.9
Pancreas	24.1
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	46.1
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	20.8
Accidents	24.0
Motor Vehicle Accidents	LNE
Influenza & Pneumonia	LNE
Diabetes Mellitus	13.5
Alzheimer's Disease	15.4
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	
-	

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Community Health Services/PHA¹⁸ & WIC¹³:

Eureka Community Hospital, Eureka McPherson County Courthouse, Leola

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Eureka Comm. Health Services 6 beds/6 swing 17

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Avera Eureka Health Care Center, Eureka 62 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Eureka Community Health Services, Eureka...... 10 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Eureka Home Health Agency, Eureka

Medicare Certified Hospices:

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

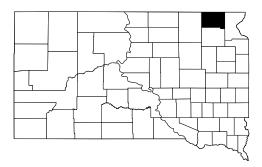
¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care

¹⁸A partnership of the local county government, local health care providers, and the South Dakota Department of Health which delivers community health services.

Marshall County

Demographic Information



Marshall County is located in the northeastern part of the state and averages 5.5 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	4,576
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	6.8%
Percent Age 65 or Over	21.3%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	621
Percent of the Population	13.9%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,741
Percent of the Population	38.9%

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	3.3%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	70.2%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	21.2%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
•Fertility Rate ³	56.1
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	9.9

Mortality⁵

•ALL CAUSES	702.7
Heart Disease	201.0
Acute Myocardial Infarction	105.8
Heart Failure	11.2
oAtherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	45.4
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	168.5
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	42.3
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	35.0
Female Breast	25.8
Prostate	27.0
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
oCerebrovascular Disease	88.3
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	48.3
Accidents	41.3
Motor Vehicle Accidents	28.5
Influenza & Pneumonia	40.2
Diabetes Mellitus	9.3
Alzheimer's Disease	
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	9.0
Infant Mortality	LNE

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

Community Building, Britton

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Marshall County Healthcare Center,

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Assisted Living Centers:

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Marshall County Healthcare Center Home Health, Britton

Medicare Certified Hospices:

None

home care.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are

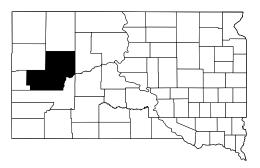
³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients. ¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing



Meade County is located in west central South Dakota and averages 7.0 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	24,253
Percent White	92.7%
Percent American Indian	3.4%
Percent Age 65 or Over	10.4%
Percent Age 4 or Under	7.7%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	2,195
Percent of the Population	9.4%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	7,681
Percent of the Population	32.9%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	6.8%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	80.9%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	16.1%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
Fertility Rate ³	71.1
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	14.5

Mortality⁵

1v101 tailty	
oALL CAUSES	947.3
oHeart Disease	256.6
Acute Myocardial Infarction	60.7
∘Heart Failure	43.8
 Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease 	4.8
oMalignant Neoplasms (cancer)	225.6
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	17.4
Female Breast	19.8
Prostate	34.2
Pancreas	12.5
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	13.6
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	65.9
oChronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	
Accidents	54.1
Motor Vehicle Accidents	24.8
Influenza & Pneumonia	22.1
Diabetes Mellitus	25.7
Alzheimer's Disease	15.9
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	18.9
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	14.6
Infant Mortality	
ř	

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Faith Health Center, Faith

East Side Neighborhood Center-Takini School, Howes

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family Planning: 2nd Ave West, Faith

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

Meade County Courthouse, Sturgis

Hospitals

Veterans' Administration:

VA Black Hills Health Care System, Ft. Meade

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Sturgis Regional Hospital, Sturgis..... 25 beds/10 swing¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Assisted Living Centers:	
Dakota Hills ALC, Sturgis	10 beds
Foothills Assisted Living, Sturgis	16 beds
Key City Retirement Home, Sturgis	15 beds

Residential Living Centers:

Residential Elving Centers.	
Faith Living Center, Faith	10 beds
Crooks Home Care. Sturgis	. 5 beds

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

 $[\]overline{^{1}}\mbox{All rates based}$ on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

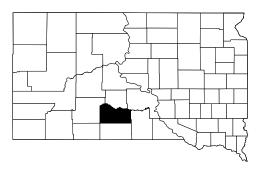
¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.

Mellette County

Demographic Information



Mellette County is located in the south central region of the state and averages 1.6 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	2,083
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	54.9%
Percent Age 65 or Over	13.2%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	724
Percent of the Population	35.8%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,249
Percent of the Population	61.8%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	.8%
 Percent of Mothers Receiving 	
Care in 1st Trimester	.2%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	.9%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ² I	NE
oFertility Rate ³	94.1
oTeenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	56.7

Mortality⁵

oALL CAUSES	1079.1
Heart Disease	230.8
oAcute Myocardial Infarction	156.8
Heart Failure	LNE
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	239.8
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	84.1
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	LNE
Female Breast	86.8
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	37.7
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	
o Accidents	147.0
oMotor Vehicle Accidents	
Influenza & Pneumonia	LNE
Diabetes Mellitus	49.6
Alzheimer's Disease	LNE
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
ONephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	60.0
Infant Mortality	27.5

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Mellette County Healthcare, White River

WIC¹³ Services are provided by Stanley county public health services office.

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

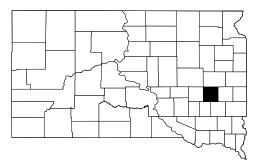
³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.



Miner County is a located in the east central region of the state and averages 5.1 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	2,884
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.4%
Percent Age 65 or Over	23.9%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	334
Percent of the Population	11.8%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,058
Percent of the Population	37.4%

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	į
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester 82.6%	į
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	,
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ² LNE	,
•Fertility Rate ³	,
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴ LNE	,
Mortality ⁵	

•ALL CAUSES	647.4
Heart Disease	159.4
Acute Myocardial Infarction	33.4
Heart Failure	LNE
oAtherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	38.1
•Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	134.1
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	32.5
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	35.4
Female Breast	23.1
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	13.2
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	56.7
• Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	25.9
Accidents	73.7
Motor Vehicle Accidents	30.6
Influenza & Pneumonia	13.2
Diabetes Mellitus	14.9
Alzheimer's Disease	27.3
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	LNE
Infant Mortality	LNE

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Howard Clinic, Howard

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Avera St. Joseph Clinic, Howard

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family

Planning: Miner County Courthouse, Howard

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Howard Good Samaritan Center, Howard 46 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Howard Good Samaritan Center, Howard 12 beds Whispering Winds Assisted Living, Howard 23 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

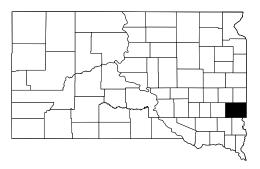
⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.



Minnehaha County is located in southeastern South Dakota and averages 183.1 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	148,281
Percent White	93.0%
Percent American Indian	2.3%
Percent Age 65 or Over	11.0%
Percent Age 4 or Under	7.3%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	10,790
Percent of the Population	7.5%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	30,666
Percent of the Population	21.4%

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants
Percent of Mothers Receiving
Care in 1st Trimester
Percent of Mothers Who
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²
Percent of Mothers Who
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²
oFertility Rate ³ 72.1
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴ 21.3
Mortality ⁵

ALL CAUSES	799.0
Heart Disease	195.5
Acute Myocardial Infarction	41.4
Heart Failure	13.4
 Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease 	7.3
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	204.2
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	58.3
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	18.6
Female Breast	24.6
Prostate	31.9
Pancreas	12.8
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	8.4
Leukemia	8.5
Cerebrovascular Disease	60.0
oChronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	53.8
Accidents	37.6
Motor Vehicle Accidents	17.4
Influenza & Pneumonia	19.7
Diabetes Mellitus	19.9
Alzheimer's Disease	25.9
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	16.6
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	9.8
Infant Mortality	5.4

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Sioux River Valley Comm. Hlth. Ctr., Sioux Falls SD Urban Indian Health, Sioux Falls

Bright Start Home Visitation Program¹⁴:

1200 North West Ave, Sioux Falls

Children's Special Health Services¹¹:

Sioux Valley Hospital, Sioux Falls

Disease Intervention Office¹²:

1200 North West Ave, Sioux Falls

Family Planning Service Sites:

Downtown Women's Health, Sioux Falls Urban Indian Health, Sioux Falls

Hospitals

There are 8 hospitals in Minnehaha County. For more information refer to Appendix B, page 237.

Long-Term Care

There are 39 long-term care facilities in Minnehaha County. For more information refer to Appendix B, page 237-238.

Home Health Agencies:

There are 8 home health agencies in Minnehaha County. For more information refer to Appendix B, page 237.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

¹¹CSHS provides diagnostic, consultative, and care coordination services for children with special health care needs.

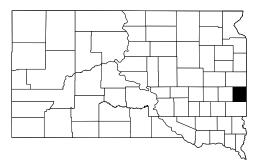
¹²DIS coordinate infectious disease prevention and control programs.

¹³A supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁴Bright Start nurses provide home visits to expectant and new moms to help them improve their own and their babies' health and to be good parents.

Moody County

Demographic Information



Moody County is located on the Minnesota border and averages 12.7 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	6,595
Percent White	84.9%
Percent American Indian	13.8%
Percent Age 65 or Over	14.9%
Percent Age 4 or Under	6.2%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	623
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,933
Percent of the Population	29.6%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	6.7%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	76.2%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	22.3%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
Fertility Rate ³	67.0
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	14.1
E	

Mortality⁵

Willtanty	
•ALL CAUSES	665.9
Heart Disease	223.1
Acute Myocardial Infarction	39.1
Heart Failure	12.7
o Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	87.2
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	126.6
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	46.2
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	
Female Breast	
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	11.3
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	40.5
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	29.2
Accidents	57.2
Motor Vehicle Accidents	43.7
Influenza & Pneumonia	LNE
Diabetes Mellitus	20.5
oAlzheimer's Disease	52.8
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic9:

Flandreau Medical Clinic Avera, Flandreau

Community Health Services/PHA¹⁸, WIC¹³ & Family Planning: 309 N Prairie Street, Flandreau

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Assisted Living Centers:

Greenleaf Assisted Living, Flandreau	21 beds
Riverview Health Services, Flandreau	
Trent Assisted Living Center, Trent	16 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Flandreau Home Care, Flandreau Riverview Home Health, Flandreau

Medicare Certified Hospices:

^TAll rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

 $^{^2\}mathrm{Data}$ for mothers who used to bacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

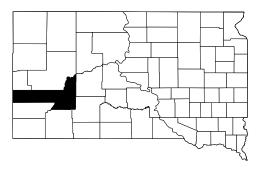
⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹⁸A partnership of the local county government, local health care providers, and the South Dakota Department of Health which delivers community health services.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.



Pennington County is located on the Wyoming border and averages 31.9 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	88,565
Percent White	86.7%
Percent American Indian	9.9%
Percent Age 65 or Over	11.8%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	9,967
Percent of the Population	11.5%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	25,914
Percent of the Population	30.0%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

•	
Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	7.0%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	79.9%
oPercent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	22.4%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	1.4%
oFertility Rate ³	75.8
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	23.6
_	
Mortality ⁵	
ALL CAUSES	818.3
Heart Disease	216.6
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	((=

Heart Failure 18.1 Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung 58.8 Pancreas 10.5 Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma 11.0 • Accidents 36.9 Influenza & Pneumonia 17.9 Intentional Self-Harm (suicide) 14.6

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

There are 6 Federally Qualified Health Centers in Pennington county. For more information refer to Appendix B, page 236.

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Hill City Medical Clinic, Hill City

Wall Health Services Inc, Wall

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ and Bright Start Home Visitation Program¹⁴:

Department of Health, Rapid City

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family

Planning: 324 Main Street, Hill City

WIC¹³ Sites:

Ellsworth Air Force Base

Methodist Church, Wall

Children's Special Health Services¹¹:

2905 Fifth Street, Rapid City

Disease Intervention Office¹²:

909 E St. Patrick STE 7, Rapid City

Family Planning Service Site:

Rapid City Community Health Center, Rapid City

Hospitals

There are 4 hospitals in Pennington County. For more information refer to Appendix B, page 238.

Long-Term Care

There are 29 long-term care facilities and 4 home health agencies in Pennington County. For more information refer to Appendix B, page 238.

 $[\]overline{^{1}}\mbox{All rates based}$ on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions for females age 15-17.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

11 CSHS provides discreption consultative, and earn coordination considerates.

¹¹CSHS provides diagnostic, consultative, and care coordination services for children with special health care needs.

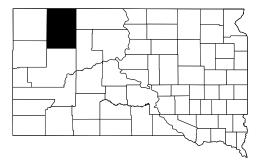
¹²DIS coordinate infectious disease prevention and control programs.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁴Bright Start nurses provide home visits to expectant and new moms to help them improve their own and their babies' health and to be good parents.

Perkins County

Demographic Information



Perkins County is located in northwestern South Dakota and averages 1.2 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	3,363
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	2.2%
Percent Age 65 or Over	23.7%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	561
Percent of the Population	16.9%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	1,469
Percent of the Population	44.3%

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	4.1%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	72.4%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	13.4%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
•Fertility Rate ³	53.1
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	LNE

Mortality⁵

•ALL CAUSES	623.1
Heart Disease	
Acute Myocardial Infarction	43.2
Heart Failure	24.1
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	153.3
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	31.4
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	23.8
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	16.1
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	37.9
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	
Accidents	
Motor Vehicle Accidents	
Influenza & Pneumonia	
Diabetes Mellitus	
Alzheimer's Disease	
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	
Infant Mortality	LNE

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

 $\circ Denotes$ a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Bison Community Clinic, Bison

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

West River Health Clinic, Lemmon

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family

Planning: 105 West Main St, Bison

11 East 4th St, Lemmon

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Five Counties Hospital, Lemmon 4 beds/4 swing¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Assisted Living Centers:

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

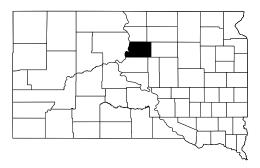
⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas. ¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.

Potter County

Demographic Information



Potter County is located in north central South Dakota and averages 3.1 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	2,693
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	1.2%
Percent Age 65 or Over	25.0%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	331
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	971
Percent of the Population	

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	4.0%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	81.7%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	15.1%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
Fertility Rate ³	62.6
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	LNE
5	

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	1/3.9
Heart Disease	
Acute Myocardial Infarction	47.0
Heart Failure	30.3
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	172.7
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	45.3
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	19.4
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	39.5
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	79.1
Accidents	57.3
Motor Vehicle Accidents	
Influenza & Pneumonia	
Diabetes Mellitus	12.0
Alzheimer's Disease	29.2
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	16.3
Infant Mortality	LNE

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Number of Dentists⁶ ______1

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Gettysburg Community Care Clinic, Gettysburg

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Hoven Medical Clinic, Hoven

WIC¹³ Site:

772 0

318 Main Street, Hoven

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Gettysburg Mem Hosp, Gettysburg ... 10 beds/10 swing¹⁷

Specialized Hospital¹⁶:

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Oahe Manor, Gettysburg50 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Holy Infant Hospital ALC, Hoven......4 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

 $[\]overline{{}^{1}}$ All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1.000 live births.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

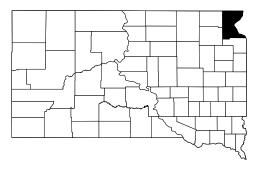
⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas. ¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.
¹⁶Specialized hospitals do not provide all the services required to qualify as a general hospital, such as surgical, obstetrical, and emergency services.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.

Roberts County

Demographic Information



Roberts County is located in the extreme northeastern corner of the state and averages 9.1 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	10,016
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	31.2%
Percent Age 65 or Over	17.0%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	2,175
Percent of the Population	22.1%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	4,712
Percent of the Population	

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	5.5%
 Percent of Mothers Receiving 	
Care in 1st Trimester	62.0%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	29.1%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	2.0%
oFertility Rate ³	87.0
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	28.2

Mortality⁵

oALL CAUSES	889.8
oHeart Disease	253.1
Acute Myocardial Infarction	127.7
Heart Failure	15.7
OAtherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	31.9
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	216.9
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	18.7
Female Breast	16.7
Prostate	52.8
Pancreas	13.6
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	5.8
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	52.0
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	
Accidents	67.7
Motor Vehicle Accidents	44.2
Influenza & Pneumonia	26.5
Diabetes Mellitus.	30.0
Alzheimer's Disease	22.0
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	8.0
Infant Mortality	
· ·	

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

 $\circ \mbox{Denotes}$ a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Coteau Des Prairies Hospital-Sisseton Clinic, Sisseton Coteau Des Prairies Hospital-Wilmot Clinic, Wilmot Wilmot Clinic, Wilmot

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family Planning: 405 Chestnut St East, Sisseton

Hospitals

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Rosholt Care Center, Rosholt	. 44 beds
Tekakwitha Nursing Center, Sisseton	. 81 beds
Wilmot Care Center, Wilmot	. 34 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Rosholt Care Center, Rosholt	5 beds
Greenleaf Assisted Living Sisseton	.31 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Coteau des Prairies Hospital Home Care, Sisseton Prairie Lakes Home Care, Sisseton

Medicare Certified Hospices:

Tekawitha Nursing Home, Sisseton

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

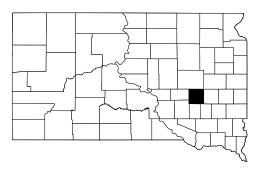
⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.

Sanborn County

Demographic Information



Sanborn County is located in east central South Dakota and averages 4.7 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	2,675
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.4%
Percent Age 65 or Over	19.5%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	391
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	966
Percent of the Population	

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	4.8%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	76.4%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	17.9%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
•Fertility Rate ³	
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	LNE
. 5	

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	893.1
Heart Disease	214.5
Acute Myocardial Infarction	70.7
Heart Failure	
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	159.1
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	53.8
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	22.3
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	21.0
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	73.3
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	39.9
Accidents	90.2
Motor Vehicle Accidents	LNE
Influenza & Pneumonia	22.2
Diabetes Mellitus	44.9
Alzheimer's Disease	25.8
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	22.9
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	LNE
Infant Mortality	LNE
	1

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Whiting Memorial Clinic, Woonsocket

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

Sanborn County Courthouse, Woonsocket

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

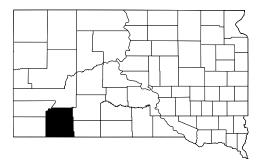
⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

Shannon County

Demographic Information



Shannon County is located in the southwestern part of the state, along the Nebraska border and averages 6.0 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	12,466
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	
Percent Age 65 or Over	4.8%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	6,385
Percent of the Population	52.3%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	9,485
Percent of the Population	77.7%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

oPercent Low Birth Weight Infants	8.5%
 Percent of Mothers Receiving 	
Care in 1st Trimester	61.3%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	10.2%
oPercent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
oFertility Rate ³	132.5
oTeenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	

Mortality⁵

11101 talley
OALL CAUSES
oHeart Disease
Acute Myocardial Infarction96.1
∘Heart Failure69.8
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular DiseaseLNE
o Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung
Colon, Rectum, & Anus
Female BreastLNE
ProstateLNE
PancreasLNE
Non-Hodgkin's LymphomaLNE
Leukemia LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases
oAccidents
○Motor Vehicle Accidents
oInfluenza & Pneumonia
ODiabetes Mellitus 192.5
Alzheimer's Disease LNE
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide) 19.1
ONephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis49.9
OInfant Mortality
• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than

the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

WIC¹³ Sites:

Kyle Health Center, Kyle Manderson IHS Hospital Building, Pine Ridge Porcupine

Hospitals

Indian Health Service, Pine Ridge

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

None

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Ellen Stephen Hospice and Home Care, Kyle

Medicare Certified Hospices:

All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

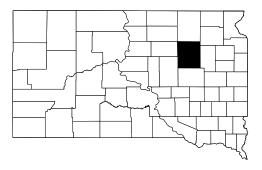
⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

Spink County

Demographic Information



Spink County is located in the center of eastern South Dakota and averages 5.0 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	7,454
Percent White	97.6%
Percent American Indian	1.8%
Percent Age 65 or Over	18.9%
Percent Age 4 or Under	5.6%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	896
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	2,457
Percent of the Population	35.2%

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	4.9%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	76.3%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	18.2%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
Fertility Rate ³	
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	9.7
3.6 . 3.6 . 5	

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	743.3
Heart Disease	226.1
Acute Myocardial Infarction	85.8
Heart Failure	27.6
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	185.4
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	49.0
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	22.8
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	15.1
Pancreas	8.9
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	12.1
Leukemia	10.6
Cerebrovascular Disease	36.0
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	58.5
Accidents	46.2
Motor Vehicle Accidents	19.8
Influenza & Pneumonia	23.1
Diabetes Mellitus	LNE
Alzheimer's Disease	22.3
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	11.3
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	8.5
Infant Mortality	LNE
-	

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic9:

Redfield Clinic, Redfield

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family Planning: Spink County Courthouse, Redfield

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Community Memorial Hospital, Redfield25 beds/10 swing¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Beverly Healthcare, Redfield	69 beds
Eastern Star Home of South Dakota,	
Redfield	30 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Eastern Star Home of SD AL, Redfield	8 beds
Lakeside Assisted Living, Redfield	22 beds
Sunset Court ALC. Redfield	16 beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Community Memorial Home Health, Redfield

Medicare Certified Hospices:

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

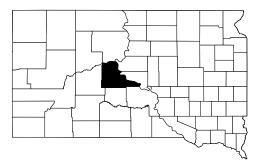
¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients. ¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nur home care.

Stanley County

Demographic Information



Stanley County is located in the center of the state and averages 1.9 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	2,772
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	6.2%
Percent Age 65 or Over	11.0%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	238
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	691
Percent of the Population	25.1%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	6.9%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	82.8%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	17.2%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
Fertility Rate ³	66.9
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	18.2

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	673.2
Heart Disease	140.9
Acute Myocardial Infarction	35.5
Heart Failure	LNE
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	227.8
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	46.9
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	LNE
Female Breast	LNE
oProstate	174.2
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	
Leukemia	LNE
Cerebrovascular Disease	LNE
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	68.1
Accidents	LNE
Motor Vehicle Accidents	LNE
Influenza & Pneumonia	LNE
Diabetes Mellitus	LNE
Alzheimer's Disease	LNE
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	28.5
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	LNE
Infant Mortality	LNE

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

Stanley County Courthouse, Ft. Pierre

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

None

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

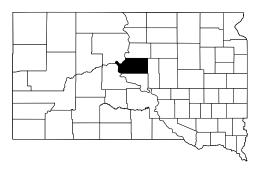
⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

Sully County

Demographic Information



Sully County is located in the central region of the state and averages 1.5 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	1,556
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	1.3%
Percent Age 65 or Over	17.4%
Percent Age 4 or Under	5.7%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	186
Percent of the Population	12.1%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	514
Percent of the Population	

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	5.6%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	85.8%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	10.4%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	LNE
Fertility Rate ³	75.4
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	
_	

Mortality⁵

•ALL CAUSES	569.0
Heart Disease	136.9
Acute Myocardial Infarction	LNE
Heart Failure	37.5
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	110.0
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	58.5
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	LNE
Female Breast	LNE
Prostate	LNE
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	67.7
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	LNE
Accidents	60.2
Motor Vehicle Accidents	51.1
Influenza & Pneumonia	LNE
Diabetes Mellitus	LNE
Alzheimer's Disease	LNE
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	LNE
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	LNE
Infant Mortality	LNE

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Onida Clinic, Onida

WIC¹³ Site:

Sully County Courthouse, Onida

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

None

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

St. Mary's Home Health Onida Branch, Onida

Medicare Certified Hospices:

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

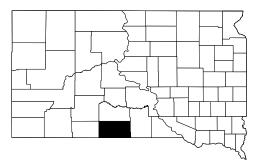
⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

Todd County

Demographic Information



Todd County is located in south central South Dakota, along the Nebraska border and averages 6.5 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	9,050
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	86.9%
Percent Age 65 or Over	5.8%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	4,294
Percent of the Population	48.3%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	6,525
Percent of the Population	73.4%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	7.8%
 Percent of Mothers Receiving 	
Care in 1st Trimester	53.8%
oPercent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	23.7%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
oFertility Rate ³	133.6
oTeenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	71.1

Mortality⁵

oall causes	1336.7
Heart Disease	269.4
Acute Myocardial Infarction	108.2
Heart Failure	LNE
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	230.9
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	52.8
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	17.7
Female Breast	23.7
Prostate	74.6
Pancreas	LNE
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE
Leukemia	18.3
Cerebrovascular Disease	31.2
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	78.4
oAccidents	212.0
OMotor Vehicle Accidents	138.3
Influenza & Pneumonia	37.6
oDiabetes Mellitus	67.8
Alzheimer's Disease	LNE
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	28.6
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	28.5
Infant Mortality	10.7
-	

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Mission Medical Clinic, Mission

Community health services are provided by the Tripp county public health services offices.

Hospitals

Indian Health Service, Rosebud

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

None

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

 $^{{}^{\}bar{1}}$ All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

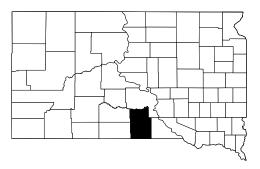
⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

Tripp County

Demographic Information



Tripp County is located along the Nebraska border in south central South Dakota and averages 4.0 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	6,430
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	12.2%
Percent Age 65 or Over	19.7%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	1,254
Percent of the Population	19.9%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	2,793
Percent of the Population	44.4%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

Natality

•	
Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	7.1%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	79.3%
oPercent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	26.4%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	2.3%
Fertility Rate ³	62.7
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	22.6
N.T. 4 124 5	
Mortality ⁵	
ALL CAUSES	834.8
oHeart Disease	261.3
1 17 6 3	1.50.0

•Heart Failure 6.9 Female Breast41.9 Pancreas 8.4 Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma LNE Leukemia 19.1 Cerebrovascular Disease 73.2 Influenza & Pneumonia 30.6 Diabetes Mellitus. 24.8 Alzheimer's Disease......LNE Intentional Self-Harm (suicide) 11.2 Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis..................6.9 Infant MortalityLNE

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1.000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Community Health Services/PHA¹⁸, WIC¹³ & Family Planning: Winner Regional Healthcare Center, Winner

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Winner Regional Healthcare Center, Winner 79 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Colome's Rose Manor, Colome	15	beds
Elder Inn, Winner	35	beds
Golden Prairie Manor, Winner	28	beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Winner Regional Home Health, Winner

Medicare Certified Hospices:

Hospice of the Plains, Winner

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

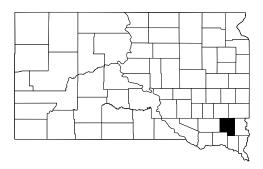
¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing

¹⁸A partnership of the local county government, local health care providers, and the South Dakota Department of Health which delivers community health services

Turner County

Demographic Information



Turner County is located in southeastern South Dakota and averages 14.3 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	8,849
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.5%
Percent Age 65 or Over	20.4%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	617
Percent of the Population	7.2%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	2,469
Percent of the Population	28.6%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹

2001-2005

Natality	
Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	5.9%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	81.1%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	16.9%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	1.0%
•Fertility Rate ³	54.9
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	6.8
Mortality ⁵	

ALL CAUSES......743.2 Heart Disease 204.7 Heart Failure 10.5 Female Breast 31.4 Prostate 39.1 Pancreas 10.4 Leukemia 17.8 Accidents 61.0 Influenza & Pneumonia 22.2 Diabetes Mellitus. 24.8 Intentional Self-Harm (suicide) LNE

- Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.
- ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

Centerville Medical Clinic, Centerville Marion Clinic, Marion Parker Area Medical Clinic, Parker Viborg Medical Clinic, Viborg

Community Health Services/PHA¹⁸ & WIC¹³:

Pioneer Memorial Hospital, Viborg Turner County Courthouse, Parker

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Pioneer Mem Hospital, Viborg....... 12 beds/12 swing¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Centerville Good Samaritan, Centerville	51 beds
Sunset Manor Avera Health, Irene	40 beds
Tieszen Memorial Home, Marion	64 beds
Pioneer Memorial Nursing Home, Viborg	52 beds
Assisted Living Centers:	
	4 (1 1

Residential Living Centers:

Home Health Agencies:

Marion Home Care, Marion

Pioneer Memorial Hospital Home Care, Viborg

Medicare Certified Hospices:

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

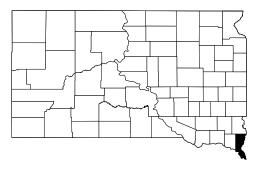
¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.

¹⁸A partnership of the local county government, local health care providers, and the South Dakota Department of Health which delivers community health services.

Union County

Demographic Information



Union County is located in the southeastern corner of the state and averages 27.3 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	12,584
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	0.7%
Percent Age 65 or Over	13.5%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	681
Percent of the Population	5.5%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	2,521
Percent of the Population	

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	6.7%
oPercent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	93.1%
 Percent of Mothers Who 	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	13.7%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
Fertility Rate ³	66.7
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	11.0

Mortality⁵

•ALL CAUSES	705.2
Heart Disease	199.7
Acute Myocardial Infarction	86.0
Heart Failure	7.1
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	197.2
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	60.5
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	24.7
Female Breast	12.3
Prostate	60.0
Pancreas	11.7
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	7.3
Leukemia	5.7
Cerebrovascular Disease	39.8
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	35.1
Accidents	26.5
Motor Vehicle Accidents	
Influenza & Pneumonia	
Diabetes Mellitus	30.3
Alzheimer's Disease	
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	10.0
Infant Mortality	5.9

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Federally Qualified Health Center8:

Alcester Medical Clinic, Alcester Community Health Clinic, Elk Point

Rural Health Clinic⁹:

705 2

Sioux Valley Clinic, Beresford

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

Union County Courthouse, Elk Point

Family Planning Service Sites:

Alcester Medical Center, Alcester Elk Point Community Health Clinic, Elk Point

Hospitals

Specialized Hospital¹⁶:

Siouxland Surgery Center, Dakota Dunes 10 beds

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Worningside Manor, Aicester	53 beas
Bethesda of Beresford, Beresford	77 beds
Prairie Estates Care Center, Elk Point	41 beds
Assisted Living Centers:	
WEL-Life at Elk Point, Elk Point	30 beds
Residential Living Centers:	
Bethesda Inn, Beresford	16 beds
McClung Adult Care Service, Beresford	2 beds

Home Health Agencies:

WEL Home Health, Elk Point

Medicare Certified Hospices:

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

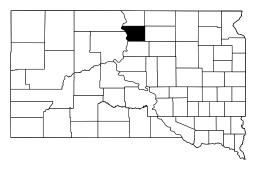
⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

⁸Provide comprehensive primary care to anyone, regardless of ability to pay or to those at 200% of the poverty level on a sliding fee scale.

⁹RHCs receive increased Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement to help ensure the provision of primary care services to rural and underserved areas. ¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁶Specialized hospitals do not provide all the services required to qualify as a general hospital, such as surgical, obstetrical, and emergency services.



Walworth County is located in north central South Dakota, near the North Dakota border and averages 8.4 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	5,974
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	13.0%
Percent Age 65 or Over	21.9%
Percent Age 4 or Under	

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	1,049
Percent of the Population	18.2%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	2,506
Percent of the Population	43.5%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	3.8%
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	75.4%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	20.5%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
Fertility Rate ³	68.9
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	7.8

Mortality⁵

- ALL CALIGES	000.3
oALL CAUSES	
oHeart Disease	277.8
OAcute Myocardial Infarction	120.0
Heart Failure	
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	18.8
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	195.0
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	65.1
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	20.9
Female Breast	28.3
Prostate	23.0
Pancreas	6.0
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	7.5
Leukemia	
Cerebrovascular Disease	
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	
Accidents	61.8
Motor Vehicle Accidents	44.7
Influenza & Pneumonia	16.0
Diabetes Mellitus	
oAlzheimer's Disease	44.0
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	LNE
Infant Mortality	

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Community Health Services/PHA¹⁸, WIC¹³ & Family Planning:

Mobridge Regional Hospital, Mobridge 4416 Main St, Selby

Hospitals

Critical Access Hospital¹⁵:

Mobridge Regional, Mobridge 25 beds/10 swing¹⁷

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

Beverly Healthcare, Mobridge	109 beds
Selby Good Samaritan Center, Selby	49 beds

Assisted Living Centers:

Prairie Sunset Village, Mobridge	. 16	beds
Selby Good Samaritan Assisted Living, Selby	8	beds

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

Mobridge Regional Hospital HHA, Mobridge

Medicare Certified Hospices:

 $^{{}^{\}bar{1}}$ All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

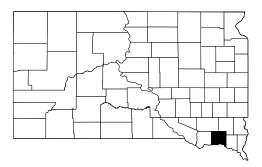
¹⁵A rural hospital designated as a critical access hospital (CAH) is eligible for higher reimbursement when services are provided to Medicare patients.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing

¹⁸A partnership of the local county government, local health care providers, and the South Dakota Department of Health which delivers community health services.

Yankton County

Demographic Information



Yankton County is located in southeastern South Dakota on the Nebraska border and averages 41.5 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	21,652
Percent White	
Percent American Indian	2.2%
Percent Age 65 or Over	14.6%
Percent Age 4 or Under	6.3%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	1,920
Percent of the Population	9.6%
Population Under 200% of Poverty	5,858
Percent of the Population	29.3%

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	6.6%
oPercent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester	88.4%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	21.3%
Percent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	1.0%
•Fertility Rate ³	58.8
•Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴	11.9

Mortality⁵

ALL CAUSES	758.6
Heart Disease	225.1
Acute Myocardial Infarction	89.4
Heart Failure	16.3
 Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease 	4.4
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	185.2
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	23.7
Female Breast	21.6
Prostate	16.6
Pancreas	10.5
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	6.4
Leukemia	7.6
Cerebrovascular Disease	56.2
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	31.0
Accidents	41.6
Motor Vehicle Accidents	19.3
Influenza & Pneumonia	33.5
Diabetes Mellitus	35.8
Alzheimer's Disease	12.5
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	9.4
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis	10.0
Infant Mortality	6.3
Denotes a health status indicator which is significant	ly lassar than

• Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

 $\circ Denotes$ a health status indicator which is significantly higher than the state average.

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Number of Dentists ⁶	10	

Community Health Services & WIC¹³:

321 W 3rd Street, Yankton

Family Planning Service Site:

Yankton Family Planning, Yankton

Hospitals

Avera Sacred Heart, Yankton 144 beds/10 swing 17

Specialized Hospitals¹⁶:

SD Human Services Center, Yankton	133 beds
Lewis & Clark Specialty Hospital, Yankton	6 beds

Long-Term Care

Avera Sister James/Yankton Care, Yankton..... 187 beds

Nursing Facilities:

SD Human Services Centers, Yankton	69 beds
Assisted Living Centers:	
Cedar Village, Yankton	21 beds
Majestic Bluffs, Yankton	32 beds
Pine Lane Estates, Yankton	36 beds
Pine Lane West ALC, Yankton	18 beds

Residential Living Centers.	
Pine Lane West, Yankton	18 beds
Prairie Homes ALC Yankton	8 beds

Home Health Agencies:

Avera Sacred Heart Home Care Services, Yankton

YMC Home Care, Yankton

Medicare Certified Hospices:

Avera Sacred Heart Hospice, Yankton

¹All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S. Census

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are self-reported.

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

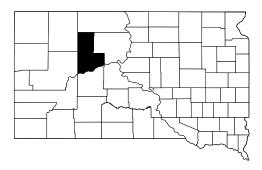
¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹⁶Specialized hospitals do not provide all the services required to qualify as a general hospital, such as surgical, obstetrical, and emergency services.

¹⁷Swing beds are hospital beds that can be used for acute care or nursing home care.

Ziebach County

Demographic Information



Ziebach County is located in north central South Dakota and averages 1.3 persons per square mile.

2000 Population Information

Population	2,519
Percent White	26.4%
Percent American Indian	73.2%
Percent Age 65 or Over	7.5%
Percent Age 4 or Under	10.8%

Socioeconomic Indicators

Population Under 100% of Poverty	1,256
Percent of the Population	
Population Under 200% of Poverty	
Percent of the Population	

See Technical Notes for more information.

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, Office of Data, Statistics, and Vital Records

Health Status Indicators¹ 2001-2005

Natality

Percent Low Birth Weight Infants	ó
Percent of Mothers Receiving	
Care in 1st Trimester 59.9%	ó
Percent of Mothers Who	
Used Tobacco While Pregnant ²	ó
oPercent of Mothers Who	
Consumed Alcohol While Pregnant ²	
Fertility Rate ³	l
Teenage Pregnancy Rate ⁴ 37.8	3

Mortality⁵

with tailty		
ALL CAUSES	724.1	
Heart Disease	132.6	
Acute Myocardial Infarction	67.9	
Heart Failure	LNE	
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	LNE	
Malignant Neoplasms (cancer)	137.0	
Trachea, Bronchus, & Lung	LNE	
Colon, Rectum, & Anus	LNE	
Female Breast	LNE	
Prostate	LNE	
Pancreas	LNE	
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	LNE	
Leukemia	LNE	
Cerebrovascular Disease	LNE	
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	LNE	
Accidents	55.7	
Motor Vehicle Accidents	LNE	
Influenza & Pneumonia.	LNE	
Diabetes Mellitus	96.7	
Alzheimer's Disease	LNE	
Intentional Self-Harm (suicide)	43.4	
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, & Nephrosis		
Infant Mortality		
•		

•Denotes a health status indicator which is significantly lower than the state average.

ODenotes a health status indicator which is significantly higher than

LNE (Low Number of Events): is used because the rate or percent may be unreliable.

⁵All mortality rates except infant mortality are age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population. Infant mortality is the number of infant (less than one year) deaths per 1,000 live births.

Health Care Resources

Primary Care

Community Health Services, WIC¹³ & Family Planning: Ziebach County Courthouse, Dupree

Disease Intervention Office¹²:

Ziebach County Courthouse, Dupree

Hospitals

None

Long-Term Care

Nursing Facilities:

None

Assisted Living Centers:

None

Residential Living Centers:

None

Home Health Agencies:

None

Medicare Certified Hospices:

All rates based on population are calculated according to the 2000 U.S.

²Data for mothers who used tobacco or consumed alcohol while pregnant are

³Fertility rate is all births per 1,000 females age 15-44.

⁴Teenage pregnancy rate is live births, fetal deaths, and abortions per 1,000 females age 15-17.

⁶Number of Dentists only includes general practitioners.

¹³Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

¹²DIS coordinate infectious disease prevention and control programs.